

2018-21

STRATEGIC PLAN AND BUDGET

of the Auditor-General of South Africa



Auditing to build public confidence



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Strategic plan of the Auditor-General of South Africa for 2018-21



1. PURPOSE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This strategic plan and budget presents our performance and financial plan, as the Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA), for the period 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2021 based on the long-term strategy of the organisation. It is the result of an annual planning process that sets targets for the first year and makes projections for the rest of the two-year period.

2. OUR CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATE AND FUNCTIONS

2.1 OUR MANDATE AND FUNCTIONS

Chapter 9 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (constitution) establishes the AGSA as one of the state institutions supporting constitutional democracy. The constitution entrenches our independence by directing that we are subject only to the constitution and the law. The constitution requires us to be impartial and to exercise our powers and perform our functions without fear, favour or prejudice. Our functions are described in section 188 of the constitution. These functions are further regulated by chapters 2 and 3 of the Public Audit Act, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA).

2.2 OUR PRODUCTS

Each year, we conduct mandatory (regularity) audits of national and provincial government departments, certain public entities, municipalities and municipal entities (our clients or auditees). Furthermore, we conduct discretionary audits, such as performance audits, special audits and investigations.

Our audit reports are made public and are tabled in Parliament, provincial legislatures and municipal councils.

In addition to these audit-specific reports, we publish two general reports each year, in which we analyse the outcomes of the audits at national and provincial levels and at municipal level, respectively.

2.3 ACCOUNTABILITY AND REPORTING

We are accountable to the National Assembly, to which we report annually on our activities and the performance of our functions by tabling the main accountability instruments, namely our **strategic plan and budget and our annual report**. The Standing committee on the auditor-general (SCoAG), established in terms of the constitution and the PAA, oversees our performance on behalf of the National Assembly.

2.4 OUR ROLE IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN DEMOCRACY

Through our audit activities, we play an important role in enabling accountability and thus promote democratic governance in South Africa. We do this by providing independent assurance to the various legislatures on whether entities that use public funds have managed their financial affairs in line with sound financial principles, have complied with the relevant legal framework and have provided credible information on the achievement of their financial and performance objectives in line with the PAA. In this way, the elected representatives of the South African people are able to hold the executive and accounting authorities, officials and public entities accountable. This provides the rationale for our work in empowering citizens 'to hold the custodians of public resources accountable' in terms of International Standard of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAI) 12, The value and benefits of supreme audit institutions (SAIs) – making a difference to the lives of citizens.

3. OUR VISION, MISSION AND VALUES

The essence of our organisation as a supreme audit institution (SAI) is expressed in our **vision and mission statements** and our behaviour is guided by **our defined values**.

OUR VISION



To be recognised by all our stakeholders as a relevant **SUPREME AUDIT INSTITUTION** that enhances public sector accountability.

OUR MISSION



The Auditor-General of South Africa has a constitutional mandate and, as the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) of South Africa, exists to strengthen our country's democracy by enabling **OVERSIGHT, ACCOUNTABILITY AND GOVERNANCE** in the public sector through auditing, thereby building public confidence. This is our reputation promise.

OUR VALUES



- We value, respect and recognise all people
- Our accountability is clear and personal
- We are performance driven
- We work effectively in teams
- We value and own our reputation
- We are proud to be South African

4. STRATEGIC COMMITMENTS OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

Three years ago, we embarked on an accelerated journey, having a clear picture expressed through our aspirations for the public sector, knowing exactly where we were going and what we wanted to achieve.

WE ASPIRE TO SEE A PUBLIC SERVICE THAT IS CHARACTERISED BY:



ROBUST FINANCIAL AND PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS



OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY



COMMITMENT AND ETHICAL BEHAVIOUR BY ALL



A VALUE-ADDING ASSURANCE PROVIDER IN THE FORM OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

- transparent and stable financial and performance management reporting systems
- budgeting and planning processes that ensure the effective, efficient and economical use of all public resources
- strong internal audit capabilities that provide assurance
- accurate and empowering financial and performance reporting to enable effective oversight
- an appreciation of the role of applying consequences for transgressions and poor performance in restoring the integrity of, and building public confidence in, the system of public administration
- visible commitment by all players in the public service to contribute towards the financial health of the country and an improved social reality for our people
- demonstrated ethical behaviour and professionalism in the public sector as cementing characteristics of a capable state, with a public service that consistently does the right thing.
- independent and relevant reporting by the AG
- value-adding inputs based on deep insights into the state of the public sector financial and service delivery performance

Each year we managed to progress in our journey, albeit at various speeds, but we were certain of the importance that a competent and value-adding assurance provider for the public sector has on the democracy in our country.

The 2018-21 period will be no different. In fulfilment of this role, we will continue to increase the sophistication of our tools, people, processes and innovation so that we get better at scrutinising public spending while remaining independent.

Our long-term organisational strategy, the 4V strategy, remains our preferred way for the achievement of our vision. Our ambition is to build on the achievements and continue with the implementation of the initiatives that we have put in place.

The ultimate goal of our work is to build confidence in the ability of the public sector to deliver the necessary services of which it is the sole provider in the country and, by association, to build public confidence in the country's democracy.



OUR COMMITMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 2018-21 ARE STRUCTURED AROUND OUR FOUR LONG-TERM STRATEGIC GOALS:

STRATEGIC GOALS









Aimed at providing auditderived valuable insights to our stakeholders on the status of their internal control and performance environment, accompanied by actionable recommendations, which, if executed, would lead to visible improvements in public sector administration This goal structures our stakeholder engagement programmes in the most effective way to encourage and enable the required improvements in the public sector.

This internally focused perspective of our work ensures that we have the necessary resources: enabling legal framework, independent financial resources and the required skills, competencies and culture to execute our mandate economically, efficiently and effectively.

Through our work and behaviour, we aim to lead by example and to demonstrate continually that clean administration is achievable

VALUE-ADDING AUDITING

Our focus remains on auditing areas that matter and influencing all players in the public sector to utilise public funds as intended for the benefit of the people of South Africa. In this regard, we will prioritise areas of public spending most relevant to the well-being of citizens.

The programmes outlined in the 2030 national development plan (NDP) represent our country's goals to reduce poverty and increase the quality of lives of citizens and support the achievement of the United Nations' sustainable development goals (SDG). We will use the insights received through our regularity audits or through the audits of carefully selected goals to enhance our reporting on the achievement of the country's SDG targets and to become an authoritative independent voice on the challenges facing the country in planning and implementing the SDGs and reporting on their progress.

As the successful implementation of government programmes aimed at improving the lives of citizens depends on the availability and adequate deployment of public resources, we will persist with detecting and exposing practices that ultimately result in wastage of public money. The audits will not only elevate instances of irregular and unauthorised expenditure, but will also seek to establish a direct line of sight from detection of breaches to implementation of consequences.

Our consistent contribution to transparency, accountability and good governance in the public sector has resulted in increased expectations, even demands, for us to audit various aspects and entities funded by the public purse. We will assist Parliament to cultivate a culture of consequences for maladministration or misuse of public money by utilising all legal mechanisms available to us.

Our increased relevance will also come from providing insights emanating from our integrated audits. These will utilise a broad spectrum of tools and specialist skills available to us to produce and communicate value-adding insights and to optimise value for our stakeholders.



Examining the real drivers of value in the auditees' activities and deepening our understanding of the auditees' real business will remain a pillar of our unique value proposition and will allow us to provide richer commentary on the aspects of their performance.

Continuous improvement of our work will enable us to keep up with the speed of changes in the environment. The International Organization of Supreme Audit Institutions (Intosai) underlines the importance of innovation and adaptability for our continuing relevance as Supreme Audit Institutions (SAI). We will further realise audit efficiencies through the use of computer assisted audit techniques (CAATs) and pursue benefits from better audit sampling and data analysis to improve the quality of our audit opinions, thus reducing the audit risk.

People "...are the ultimate beneficiaries of public auditing and have expectation for professionalism. It is the SAI's duty to perform the highest quality audits and provide citizens with reports that support transparency, good accountability and trust in government. Only the best work can make a real difference to their lives." This statement, expressed in the Abu Dhabi declaration¹, epitomises our attitude towards the **technical quality of our audits**. We will **continue to implement various measures** to maintain and, where possible, increase the adherence to audit quality standards.

The conclusion of our audits will result in **delivering impactful reports with simple, clear and relevant messages** to all users of our reports so that the desired improvements in the public administration can be achieved.

VISIBILITY FOR IMPACT

Our stakeholders expect an increased level of communication about our findings in individual audits as well as forewarnings about the status of the system of public administration as a whole. Engaging stakeholders is an essential element in the achievement of our mandate and in **enabling them and compelling them to act**.

We are persistent in exploring better and innovative ways of communicating audit matters to our stakeholders. Our rigorous approach to addressing recurring risks in the form of well-structured status-of-records and commitments reviews is expected to provide depth to the discussions on key controls and to build relationships of mutual trust with various stakeholders.

Educating citizens and empowering them to hold their elected representatives accountable remains a major commitment and we will be implementing our citizen engagement strategies that we initiated in the previous reporting period.

Internally, we will drive continual improvements in our engagement tools and building capacity for impactful stakeholder interactions so that we achieve the best return on the invested effort and time.

Our leading role in the capacity-development efforts of Intosai is widely recognised and praised by peers. As the organisation that currently chairs the capacity building committee (CBC) of Intosai, we perform a vital integrating role by ensuring that the capacity-development effort complements previous and ongoing work. In this way, we will contribute significantly to the advancement of the professionalisation of auditors worldwide and specifically on the African continent. We will further derive value from our international endeavour in the form of knowledge, skills and experience and will utilise the international programmes to share and test our best practices.

 $http://www.intosai.org/fileadmin/downloads/downloads/0_news/2016/141216_EN_AbuDhabiDeclaration.pdf.pdf$



The Abu Dhabi declaration was agreed by the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI) at its meeting in the United Arab Emirates in December 2016 at its Congress (XXII INCOSAI).

VIABILITY

Understanding and managing our organisational capitals will continue to be elevated through the **application of integrated thinking** in the organisation. Financial viability remains the utmost priority to the preservation of our independence; thus, we will continually search for efficiencies and optimisation of our processes, will engage all relevant stakeholders with the aim of securing full **payment of audit fees** and **will pursue even better utilisation** of our human capital.

The demands on the skills and competencies of our auditors have grown in line with the continually changing technological and audit risk environment. A systematic, comprehensive and long-term view on the required employee skills and competencies and organisational capabilities will be crafted to allow us to respond to such demands and to develop professional staff, both in audit and support areas that will enable us to best exercise our mandate.

The training that our auditors receive, together with the vast experience that we possess, will **maintain our attractiveness** as an employer of choice. Opportunities in auditing state-owned enterprises will be utilised to develop employees' ability to audit complex environments.

The management of our physical infrastructure, improvements of operational processes, talent management and leadership development will continue to be on the priority list to ensure that we are **well equipped to achieve our aspirations for adding value and impact**.

VISION AND VALUES DRIVEN

Running our own corporate affairs appropriately, **ensuring high levels of accountability, ethics and effective governance is non-negotiable** so that we are deserving of our independence.

In support of the transformation objectives of our country we will further fine-tune our procurement practices, enterprise and supplier development programmes, distribution of contract audit work, employment of people living with disabilities and various other activities to maximise our contribution to transformation.

Our approach to qualifying black chartered accountants (CAs) reflects our commitment to the **transformation of the accounting and auditing profession** in the country. We will contribute to this commitment by using the allocation of audit work to private firms effectively to **support growth and access to economic opportunities of black-owned and transformed firms**.

In conclusion, our audits increase the levels of transparency, accountability and good governance. Thus, our work strengthens the country's democracy, builds public confidence and, ultimately, benefits the receiver of services – the people of South Africa. I believe that the leadership of the organisation has the required courage to overcome the challenges that we face while exercising our mandate. Therefore, our leaders will lead by example in instilling the desired organisational culture to inspire our staff to share our aspirations for the public sector and to contribute successfully to the execution of our strategy.

KIMI MAKWETU

Auditor-General



5. OVERVIEW BY THE DEPUTY AUDITOR-GENERAL

The good work done every day by employees of the AGSA has not remained unnoticed by the oversight structures and the people of South Africa. In the recent months, our audit insight has been receiving much attention and although this is the only reward we desire, we have realised that more will be expected from us going forward.

As the accounting officer of the AGSA, my role is to ensure that our staff are aligned behind the strategy outlined by the AG and that auditors are equipped with the requisite methodologies, tools and support skills so that we continue to increase the value delivered to our stakeholders.

TABLE 1. THE WAYS WE ADD VALUE TO STAKEHOLDERS

WE DELIVER VALUE TO:

THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH AFRICA BY

listening to the conversations in the public sector on areas of importance, acting in the public interest and selecting areas of audit that have a direct impact on the well-being of our people

making public the results of our audit work, which enables people to hold their elected representatives and the custodians of public resources accountable

being a model organisation and demonstrating that clean administration and transformation are achievable

executing our audits in the most cost-effective, efficient and economical manner

THE LEGISLATURES BY

being a credible source of relevant, independent and objective insight based on independent, professional judgement and sound analysis

identifying themes, common findings, trends and root causes; providing audit recommendations and discussing these with key stakeholders to enable them to oversee and support beneficial changes in the public sector.

THE EXECUTIVE BY

identifying instances of mismanagement and their root causes, and recommending improvements tailored to the business of the auditee

THE AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING PROFESSIONS BY

allocating contract audit work to a multitude of firms

capacitating them with skilled and qualified professionals

creating a pipeline of black chartered accountants (CAs) to transform them and economically empower black audit firms

OUR EMPLOYEES BY

creating meaningful employment and career development opportunities

providing fair, transparent, market-related and equitable remuneration and benefits

We execute our mandate in a complex external environment characterised by a number of factors that have the potential to influence our work. Our routine of identifying and analysing the major external trends and their potential impact on the organisation has allowed us through the years to position ourselves adequately so that we can best execute our constitutional mandate.

Overall, we continue to operate in largely similar conditions as in the last few years, and two new visible trends have emerged: the intensified public and oversight bodies' discourse on poor governance and lack of consequence management in the public sector and the recent failures of established companies to uphold ethical principles in their work.

Both trends highlight the risk of ethical breaches and present us with an opportunity to demonstrate our ethical leadership. In response to these trends, we have formulated a new strategic objective and designed initiatives to continuously raise awareness of and prevent ethical breaches so that we **safeguard the ethical character of our organisation**. We, the leadership of the Auditor-General of South Africa, are committed to conduct ourselves to the highest ethical standards in order to foster an enabling environment for and promote ethical behaviour by all our executives and employees. Leading by example in this aspect will allow us to maintain our credibility as an SAI.

An existing trend resulting from the need for consequence management has remained persisted in our environment: **the noticeable pushback from the auditees to our audit opinions**. In response, we will persist with maintaining and, where required, increasing our focus on the technical quality of our audits. The measures we implemented in the previous reporting period had the desired impact and allowed us to reach the targeted quality of audits. We are determined not to allow any slip of attention to this important aspect of our work.

The slow economic growth currently being experienced results in a situation in which everyone needs to achieve more with less. The increase in the number of auditees that operate under financial distress presents a challenge to the collection of audit fees and, hence, a serious threat to our financial sustainability. Engagements with national and provincial leadership, specifically with the National Treasury, will be required to ensure that we remain financially independent.

The slow economic growth and the series of credit rating downgrades result in rising costs of production, increased unemployment and suppression of aggregate spending, thus leaving a smaller portion of the country's budget to service delivery. The challenges experienced by the country directly affect our work. The selection of appropriate and actual audit topics and auditees will ensure our relevancy; hence, going forward, we will be reviewing our audit portfolio on an annual basis.

These worsened economic conditions, in a combination with various factors such as fast urbanisation, lack of skills at local government level and others, result in an increasing number of auditees being unable to pay their audit fees, which threatens our financial viability and independence. We have been addressing the situation by maximising revenue collection through various initiatives and by optimising our operations to reduce the cost of auditing. The impact of these measures has plateaued, thus leaving us with the option to continue revising our operational models and extracting further efficiencies while elevating the instances of non-payment with the relevant executive and oversight authorities.

The perennial lack of auditing and other professional skills required for the execution of our mandate necessitates continuous effort in talent management to stabilise our pipeline and to supply skills to the profession and the country. The execution of our people strategy will continue as envisaged with emphasis on improving our trainee auditor scheme to ensure that it yields well-qualified professionals. The development of talent will be supported by an adequate leadership culture. While we will be seeking to continue instilling high performance in our workforce in the short term, we intend to define the desired culture that will allow us to operate better in the medium and longer terms. Similarly, to the elevated focus on ethics, this ambition will be supported by a new strategic objective on creating an enabling leadership and culture to drive strategy execution.

Lastly, the yet insufficient growth in the number of black CAs and even slower transformation of the auditing profession strengthen our resolve to utilise the distribution of contract audit work and other organisational practices relating to procurement and economic growth to have a positive influence on the required changes. We will be guided by the prescripts of the newly signed CA Charter as well by our own transformation strategy that we initiated in 2016.

We relish the tests that the environment throws at us, as we are confident that we have the required calibre of leaders and staff to continue executing their daily tasks with the necessary rigour and integrity. We look forward to every opportunity to deliver value to our auditees and stakeholders, thus supporting the democracy in our beloved country.

TSAKANI RATSELA

Deputy Auditor-General

6. OUR APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

What defines us as an SAI is our firm understanding that we can only exist in a sustainable society. Our position is based on the simple idea that all natural, human, social, economic and other systems need to be maintained, nourished or renewed in order to last. This position is supported by the view of the **King IV report**: **Code of corporate governance**² that organisations are sovereign juristic persons in the broader society in which they operate and as such are dependent on the same broader society for their survival (Institute of Directors South Africa, 2016).

We strive to be recognised as a model institution that makes a difference to the lives of individuals and organisations; thus we are eager to record our position on sustainability issues and our commitment to be an exemplary corporate citizen. By being a corporate citizen, we aim to demonstrate to our stakeholders that our future is intertwined with the future of the South African economy and people and the natural environment in which we all live. In summary, as a responsible corporate citizen we intend to maintain our sustainability and to respond to the changing societal demands while promoting sustainable development nationally and globally.

Our considerations are also consistent with the intention of the UN Resolution A/66/209 (adopted by the General Assembly), which states that SAIs have an important role in promoting the efficiency, accountability, effectiveness and transparency of public administration, which is conducive to the achievement of national development objectives and priorities. Similarly, we subscribe to the recommendations of INTOSAI, which emphasise the importance of sustainability and the principles of good governance, transparency and accountability.

Our sustainability model summarises our resources (grouped along the lines of financial, manufactured, human, social and relational, and environmental capitals) and the way we create value for the stakeholders. We continue to review and refine the model to include all sustainability elements that are relevant to the survival of the organisation. Such considerations require our leadership and all of our staff to think in an integrated way. The practice of integrated thinking is steadily being institutionalised in the organisation and this has allowed us to be more effective in managing most of our capitals.

² Institute of Directors South Africa, 2016. King IV Report on Corporate Governance for South Africa

TABLE 3. OUR ORGANISATIONAL CAPITALS USED TO EXECUTE OUR STRATEGY

Our sustainability model



Consolidates

the resources (that we use to run the AGS and deliver its services) into six groups or capitals



Consists

of capitals with activities, interactions and initiatives producing outputs and outcomes that create value for the organisation, its stakeholders, society and the environment



Encourages

- Integrated thinking, implementing and reporting
- Optimally using and developing our capitals
- Consideration of interdependence and interrelatedness of our capitals and influence of external factors



Our six capitals











Financial

■ The funds we collect from our audits

Intellectual

 Our knowledge and experience

Manufactured

- Human-created, productionoriented equipment and tools
- Our staff's skills, knowledge, capabilities and experience
- Our culture

Social and relationship

- Relationships we have with our auditees
- Oversight mechanisms and organs of state
- Specialist and professional bodies

Environmental

 Our impact on natural systems, including land, air and water

The management of our manufactured, financial, human and social capitals has been well entrenched in the strategy of the organisation as evidenced by our four strategic goals. We also regularly track the use of natural resources and in the previous financial year, we managed to implement a tracking mechanism for our environmental capital. We are determined to seek ways and to improve the management of our intellectual capital, which is a main pillar in our value proposition to stakeholders. While we are utilising it on a daily basis, we will be attempting to document it, understand it better and utilise it fully for the benefit of the organisation and the country.

As our understanding of our sustainability grows, the interrelatedness and trade-offs of our capitals and the impact of the external environments on them become more noticeable. Therefore, we will continue our sustainability journey and strive to quantify the elements of our model so that we can measure and track their improvements or depletion over time.

7.1 VALUE-ADDING AUDITING

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Demonstrate value-adding auditing

Ensure high quality of our audits

Providing value to our stakeholders through our audit work as described in the previous sections remains our passion and we continually search for ways to increase it.

We assess our value through the continued relevance of our work and the strength and depth of our audit messages so that we build trust in the work of the public sector. Our audits will serve to provide insight on the way public funds are managed and how our audit findings and recommendations can assist in improving public sector performance for the benefit of South Africans.

TABLE 4: LINK BETWEEN GOVERNMENT PRIORITIES AND AGSA AUDIT FOCUS AREAS



The selection of our audit focus areas is guided by the government priorities defined through various strategic documents such as the National Development Plan 2030 (NDP), the Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) and others, as depicted in table 4. For the short term, we continue to focus on **education**, **health**, **infrastructure** (water and sanitation) and human settlements. We will remain flexible in the selection of audit topics as other areas might become relevant throughout the duration of this strategic plan.

Our engagement with the sustainable development goals (SDGs) will be multipronged. Our immediate action will be to enhance the reporting on the progress of various SDGs in South Africa by using insights from our regularity audits. The second approach will be to audit our country's preparedness to report on the realisation of the goals. Lastly, we consider an audit of the SDG5 – gender equality – as a theme that will provide us with a view across all goals on the Agenda 2030.

Conducting such audit work will align us closely with the main principle of ISSAI12, i.e. SAIs exist to contribute value and benefits for the citizens in their countries.



It is important to note our own contribution to the SDGs is mostly through high-quality audits (as per ISSAIs) and is related to our own transparency, accountability and credibility as described in SDG16.

OBJECTIVE 1: DEMONSTRATE VALUE-ADDING AUDITING

	TARGETS		
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
% implementation of actions to improve our stakeholders' perception on our added value	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year
Tool	Project implementation plans		
Auditor-general's assessment of the organisation's performance on value-adding auditing	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives
Tool	Auditor-general's view of performance		

Considering that a number of initiatives intended to increase our relevance and value provided to stakeholders were put in place only recently, the majority of our work and approaches will remain the same with the aim of solidifying the platform that we have been building in the quest of achieving our Vision 2024.

We will continue to refine our newly revised, internationally benchmarked audit methodology through the experience gained in its implementation in the latest audit cycles. The audit of predetermined objectives (AoPO) misstatement conditions and the financial materiality change will be phased in. The concept of value chains analysis that allows us to view the activities of each auditee in a holistic way and to gain deeper understanding of the value required to be delivered at each audit was

piloted substantively and we expect that it will be fully integrated in the audit methodology. The next critical improvement will be the classification and the definition of scope for low-risk audits and small to medium audits with high unbillable hours.

While implementing and refining the methodology, we will be continuously monitoring and quantifying the realised efficiencies and improving the overall audit experience.

Whereas we have achieved significant progress in the integration of our audit lines, which remains the standard approach to auditing, we will strive to iron out the last challenges experienced with the integration such as the possibility that not all specialised audit work might be billed. We will continue to increase the sum of specialist expertise available to us either within the organisation or through outsourcing, as such expertise and expert insights create a significant difference in the value provided to stakeholders.

Given the underperforming of the number of state-owned entities, **annual reviews of our audit portfolios** will take place to ensure that we focus on those with greater risk and potential to impact negatively on the lives of citizens.

In cases where we opt not to conduct audits ourselves, i.e. our section 4(3) audits, we will **increase our oversight** so that these assignments meet both the standards and expectations of our stakeholders and the requirements of the auditor-general for quality and depth of the audits.

As the technological understanding of our auditees increases each year, the **use of CAATs remains imperative** in order to improve audit sampling and to highlight areas of concern. Such areas might be further probed by investigation techniques.

A new initiative on **laying the groundwork for alignment** of the organisation with the envisaged amendments of our governing legislation, the PAA, will be prioritised to ensure that all relevant functions are ready for the implementation of the amended act once assented to.

Ultimately, the audits we conduct will encourage noticeable improvement in the levels of transparency, accountability and good governance in all spheres of government.

OBJECTIVE 2: ENSURE HIGH QUALITY OF OUR AUDITS

PERFORMANCE	TARGETS		
MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
% adherence to quality standards: audit engagements	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)
Tool	Quality control assessment committee's confirmation of results		

We will continue to make public the results from the assessment of the technical quality of our audits as we are firmly committed to adhere to the highest quality standards.

After falling just short in the achievement of the QC targets in the prior period, we significantly increased our attention to the pre-issuance review process, enforcement of the application of standards on finalising the audit files and strengthened the link of the quality scores to the organisation's reward system, which allowed us to reach the desired level. Our leadership will continue to monitor the implementation of all measures aimed at consistently achieving our quality targets.

WHAT WE WILL DO TO ACHIEVE OUR OBJECTIVES FOR VALUE-ADDING AUDITING

STRATEGIC INITIATIVE	2018-21 ENABLERS
Institutionalise mechanisms and	1. Continue to implement and refine our audit methodology
structures for developing deep knowledge of auditees and adding value to stakeholders	2. Develop rotation-based/light-scope audit models for low-risk audits and small to medium audits with high unbillable hours
	3. Continue to intensify the use of CAATs
	4. Develop an understanding of and apply data analysis to reduce the audit risk and increase efficiencies
	5. Enhance reporting on the SDGs
	6. Prepare the organisation for alignment with the amendments of the PAA once assented to. This includes advocating of the amendments to stakeholders
Implement our section 4(3)	1. Annually review and update our audit portfolio
strategy	2. Continue our strict oversight of the governance of section 4(3) audits
Continuously improve the	1. Implement various measures to improve audit quality
quality of our audits	2. Introduce the use of audit quality indicators

7.2 VISIBILITY FOR IMPACT

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES			
Achieve impact through visibility programs	Engage actively with citizens		

The social and relationship capital of our organisation is based on the wealth of information and insight we gather as a result of our work. Ultimately, our aim is to increase this capital by utilising the knowledge we possess to the benefit of our stakeholders.

Our visibility programmes will stay focused on influencing change and obtaining the best return on investment in the form of timely and effective corrective actions by auditees. While we always aim to broaden the engagement on audit outcomes, having clear plans for engagement with specific stakeholders based on the selected criteria will provide structure and systemic approach to our efforts.

Where willingness to improve is not evident, we will **escalate the resolution of issues through oversight bodies**. Over the last year or two, we experienced increasing support from the portfolio committees, which led to Scopa calling for consequences for mismanagement of public funds. This encourages us to **tailor the packaging and presentation of audit outcomes further** to enable the committees to perform their oversight role.

The implementation of our proactive status of records and recommendations reviews found resonance with auditees during piloting and early implementation stages, and our intention is to institutionalise it and build on it so that improvements in audit outcomes are observed.

On the international front, as the chair of the Intosai CBC, we will facilitate the identification of challenges and opportunities for capacity development of Intosai members, strengthen structured professional development and facilitate access to solutions. We will provide support to the initiatives of the African Organisation of English-speaking Supreme Audit Institutions (Afrosai-E) on professional development of auditors on the African continent.

OBJECTIVE 1: ACHIEVE IMPACT THROUGH VISIBILITY PROGRAMMES

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGET		
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
% implementation of actions to improve our stakeholders' perception on our visibility programmes	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% — 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year
Tool	Project implementation plan		
Auditor-general's assessment of the organisation's performance on visibility	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives
Tool	Auditor General's view of performance		
% rollout of status of records review	80% – 100% of the planned rollouts for the financial year	80% – 100% of the planned rollouts for the financial year	80% – 100% of the planned rollouts for the financial year
Tool	Project implementation pla	n	

The initiatives that are underway will be completed during this planned period. We will seek continuous enhancement of the existing programmes to ensure increased impact based on the response from our stakeholders.

The success of the engagements will be enabled by tools that support the planning, execution, tracking and evaluation of the success of those engagements, and by establishing a practical and effective way in which we become knowledgeable about the stakeholders' expectations and their experience of the interactions.

The main effort for the three-year period will be to achieve the objectives of the review of the status of records management and commitments implementation in the public sector. All other efforts will be subject to this overarching initiative.

We will provide thought leadership on matters related to controls, risk management and service delivery, and invite discussions that will aim to co-create solutions for improvements in the public sector.

Increasing the skills of our staff and building their confidence in presenting audit messages remain ongoing priorities in entrenching the required culture of engagement and collaboration with our stakeholders.

OBJECTIVE 2: ENGAGE ACTIVELY WITH CITIZENS

We have noted the **growing interest of citizens** in the audit outcomes as a result of our work. Considering that the reason for our existence is to **strengthen democracy and to build public confidence**, we have the responsibility of ensuring that the messages reach the citizens.

There are a variety of means available to us from the traditional printed material to structured engagements and social media conversations and will pursue the most appropriate ones by giving consideration to the preference of our citizens.

Interactions with various civil society groups will allow us to demonstrate our thought leadership and to create ambassadors for our messages and mandate.

WHAT WE WILL DO TO ACHIEVE OUR OBJECTIVES FOR VISIBILITY FOR IMPACT

STRATEGIC INITIATIVE	ENABLERS
Ensure high-quality, practical and effective engagements with constitutional stakeholders	 Implement systematically and consistently the status of records and commitments reviews for enhanced engagements with stakeholders. Implement our external thought leadership programme.
Continue to implement our citizen engagement strategy	Increase the reach and impact of engagement on our mandate and role through:
	✓ enhancing community reach
	✓ appropriate social media presence
	✓ synergies with Parliament to engage citizens.
	2. Enhance stakeholder awareness and understanding of audit outcomes by:
	✓ improving responsible media coverage of audit outcomes
	✓ deepening the engagement with professional associations and industry organisations.
Continue to implement an international participation programme	1. Implement the CBC strategy effectively and contribute to the work of specialist Intosai groups by providing strategic leadership and further enhancing our international reputation.
	2. Provide effective support to Afrosai-E and collaborate with African SAIs on various programmes.

7.3 VIABILITY

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES			
Maintain financial viability and legal independence Attract, develop and retain great talent			
Create an enabling culture and leadership to drive strategy execution	Increase operational efficiencies		

This strategic goal deals with the management of our financial, intellectual and human capitals of our business model.

The concept of viability considers in an integrated way the elements that sustain our organisation and allows it to remain independent, namely our legal status that allows us to choose the size and extent of our audits; our administrative autonomy to select and develop our own human resource capacity, systems and processes; and the financial independence to generate income that can fund the human resources and tools necessary to execute our mandate. In this way, we are fully aligned with the spirit and the pillars of SAI independence as articulated in the Lima Declaration, 1977.

We are determined to **safeguard our legal independence** by adhering closely to the provisions of the Constitution and the Public Audit Act. By executing our mandate in the most economical, efficient and effective way, we not only create value for both our internal and external stakeholders, but we also **protect our financial independence**. Thus, we will continue to strengthen our financial model and the ability to collect revenue within a reasonable period of time by applying the most effective mechanisms.

Our ability to attract and retain the best calibre of staff and develop the required skills, capabilities and competencies enhances our unique value proposition as an organisation. In order to look after our administrative autonomy, we have prioritised talent management and training, talent retention and staff engagement to ensure that we have the required human capital for the realisation of our 4V strategy.

OBJECTIVE 1: MAINTAIN FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND LEGAL INDEPENDENCE

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS		
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Net surplus (sustainability margin) as % of audit income	1% – 4%	1% – 4%	1% – 4%
Level of safety (cash margin)	2-4 months	2-4 months	2-4 months
Tool	Income statement Note: debt collection measure will remain at BU level		

Debt management and audit fee collection remain our main financial priority to ensure a stable cash flow and adequate surplus margins sufficient to finance our operations.

We continue to seek ways of reducing operational costs. The **limit on headcount growth** will remain in place as well as other **austerity measures**. The monitoring of the implementation of the audit methodology will be done systematically and consistently to ensure that we derive the desired **audit efficiencies and reduction of audit hours, where possible**.

An audit affordability effort aimed at **curbing audit fees** by tailoring the audit scope for financially distressed municipalities, museums, TVETs and other small auditees such as funds and boards will be maintained. The leadership will ensure that **high audit quality standards** are not compromised.

As discussed earlier in our document, the growing concern from the public in general about the lack of **consequence** management in the public sector, especially where irregular, fruitless and wasteful and unauthorised expenditure has been reported by the AG has resulted in a request by Standing Committee on Auditor-General for us to review our mandate to ensure that the recommendations in our audit reports are taken seriously. We will conclude our statutory review and focus our attention on preparing the organisation to implement the extended powers provided by the Public Audit Amendment Act, 2017, once promulgated. We will also intensify our strategic collaborations with other organs of state and chapter 9 institutions that have the power to investigate matters that do not fall within our mandate or audit scope to ensure complementing one another's role in supporting our country's democracy.

OBJECTIVE 2: ATTRACT, DEVELOP AND RETAIN GREAT TALENT

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS		
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
% voluntary turnover of high potential individuals, executives and senior managers		8%-10%	8%-10%
Tool	ERP report		
% improvement of CA(SA) board exam	20% vs 2017-18 pass rate	10% vs 2018-19 pass rate	10% vs 2019-20 pass rate
Tool	Saica exam results		
% implementation of staff engagement initiatives	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	Conduct staff engagement survey
Tool	Project implementation plans		

We will continue to **implement the people strategy** with a greater emphasis on talent management, improvement of our pipeline and creating long-term career paths. **Attraction and retention of the needed skills** and rigorous implementation of **succession planning** measures, especially at senior management and business executive level, will ensure business continuity and increased value proposition to employees and will enable us to remain an employer of choice, both for remuneration and benefits and for development opportunities and career growth.

In that regard, we will **fast track the implementation of the total reward programmes** aimed at enhancing cost management, compliance and overall human resource effectiveness.

Our centre for mentoring and coaching will work to institutionalise and enhance these practices within the organisation aiming to empower our leadership to cultivate the desired organisational culture and employee engagement.

The **staff engagement index**, conducted in the previous reporting period, provided the baseline levels of motivation and commitment among our staff. Addressing the challenges identified through the survey will guide our work in creating an environment conducive to enabling our people to perform at their full potential, **improving their productivity** and enabling the achievement of our strategic objectives as outlined in the 4V strategy.

Our contribution to the transformation of the auditing and accounting profession will be driven under our invigorated trainee auditor (TA) scheme. The goal of the TA scheme is to support our vision by qualifying 250 CAs in one academic year in 2020.

OBJECTIVE 3: CREATE AN ENABLING CULTURE & LEADERSHIP TO DRIVE STRATEGY EXECUTION

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS			
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
Develop and implement a culture improvement strategy / plan	Define the desired culture, establish a baseline and develop a plan for action	Implement the culture plan	Implement the culture plan	
Tool	Project implementation plans			

This is a new strategic objective that is still in its embryonic stage. The culture mapping done recently will be the basis for the development of the **long-term organisational culture strategy** that will be implemented in the next three years. We aim to inspire our staff to uphold the values of the organisation which will be exemplified by our leadership. As we progress in defining the desired culture that will assist us in meeting future challenges, we will become more specific about the ways we instil it.

OBJECTIVE 4: INCREASE OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCIES

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS					
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
Optimisation of business	80% - 100% of actions	80% - 100% of actions	80% - 100% of actions			
processes	planned for the financial	planned for the financial	planned for the financial			
	year	year	year			
Tool	Project-tracking tool					

The prevailing economic environment and our financial challenges necessitate that we find innovative ways of enhancing **operational efficiencies**. Such efficiencies will be sought in all areas of operation to ensure continuous improvement.

We will build on the investment done recently in our IT infrastructure and tools to ensure continuously that these are adequate for the execution of our mandate.

Resource planning and optimisation will remain a priority for the long term. The same approach will be applied to all our processes, both in the audit team and in the support services.

Information management and security has been identified as one of the strategic risks and we will maintain strict information management to safeguard information that is in our custody.

Knowledge sharing (internal thought leadership) will be streamlined to allow our staff regular access to the latest thinking and information in our line of work.

WHAT WE WILL DO TO ACHIEVE OUR OBJECTIVES FOR VIABILITY

STRA	TEGIC INITIATIVES FOR VIABILITY
STRATEGIC INITIATIVE	2018-21 ENABLERS
Implement and regularly review strategic initiatives to ensure our	 Intensify cost-optimisation tactics such as: ✓ continued monitoring of the moratorium on recruitment
financial viability	✓ strategic sourcing on leases and major procurement/contract items
	✓ implementation of cost-saving measures across the organisation
	2. Assessment of our resource model
Pursue effective debt collection	Continue to implement ring-fencing and litigation and other debt- management strategies
	2. Quantify and monitor efficiencies realised from the implementation of the revised audit methodology
Regularly review available legal instruments to support the execution of our mandate and to promote	Continue to utilise memoranda of understanding with other organs of state to complement our effort in driving consequence management in the public sector
consequence management in the public sector	2. Optimise opportunities for consequence management presented by the audit directive
	3. Utilise regulations and other methods of augmenting our mandate
Continue to implement our People	1. Create a magnetic employer brand that attracts and motivates the best
strategy	2. Implement actions to improve the AGSA's position on the Universum's Ideal Employer ranking
	3. Build clear paths and options for horizontal and vertical growth for all employees
	4. Improve talent management and desired skills retention
	5. Drive a healthy performance management process
Implement our TA strategy	Strengthen our pipeline for the intake of trainees with a CTA qualification
	2. Improve the TA support programmes
	3. Strengthen the role of the business executive and the training officer
	4. Conduct internal assessments and strengthen support for the training offices so that they can maintain (or improve where required) their SAICA accreditation
Address gaps identified through the staff engagement survey	Implement action plans to address gaps identified through the staff engagement survey (to be developed at the end of 2017-18)

STRATEGIC INITIATIVES FOR VIABILITY				
STRATEGIC INITIATIVE	2018-21 ENABLERS			
Develop and implement a culture	Develop and apply a leadership competency framework			
strategy / plan	2. Finalise the development of a culture plan			
	3. Implement actions as per the culture plan (year two of this strategic plan)			
	4. Observe desired improvements in behaviour (year three of this strategic plan)			
	5. Drive leadership conversations on team effectiveness			
Continuously enhance our IT solutions and organisational processes	Finalise the business cases for the next ERP solution (including high-level implementation plan)			
	Review the business case for new audit software that also supports reporting and stakeholder engagement. Enable decision-making for the way forward			
	3. Continuous integration of organisational data and applications			
Information security and information	1. Implement an information security framework and plan			
management	2. Implement an information management framework and solutions			
	3. Intensify knowledge sharing across the organisation			

7.4 VISION AND VALUES DRIVEN

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES Drive the AGSA's transformation programme Demonstrate clean administration Safeguard the ethical character of our organisation

We are committed to continue demonstrating that clean administration and societal transformation is not only achievable, but is also a desirable state for all our stakeholders. We see running an exemplary administration and practising good governance as our licence to engage and recommend actions for improvement to our auditees.

The organisation is well geared to deal with the risk of possible lapses in ethical conduct by allocating the accountability for it to our executive leadership. In order to protect the institution and our staff we are increasing our focus on ethics by making it a separate strategic objective for this three-year period.

We respond to the transformation objectives of our country, namely economic growth, poverty alleviation and equality, through our extensive skills development programmes, procurement practices for contributing to the operational and financial capabilities of designated businesses (e.g. emerging micro enterprises, qualifying small enterprises, black women owned and others), employing people living with disabilities and participating in various charitable activities.

We use the vehicle of the broad-based back economic empowerment (B-BBEE) to drive our effort on transformation. In line with our expectations that **the newly signed CA Charter will be promulgated** by the start of this strategic plan, our main focus will be on aligning the organisation to the provisions of the sector codes while achieving our desired contributor level.

We will continue to lead by example in the area of **strategic planning and integrated reporting** in order to encourage organisations and entities in the public sector to practice these disciplines, which in turn will lead to better performance in the sector.

OBJECTIVE 1: DRIVE THE AGSA'S TRANSFORMATION PROGRAMME

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS				
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
B-BBEE Level	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2		
Tool	External verification				

Our comprehensive transformation strategy developed in the previous performance periods will guide us in addressing the identified areas for improvement, with the overall aim of maintaining our status as a broad-based black economic empowerment (B-BBEE) level 2 contributor.

We will work tirelessly to grow our employees to perform to their full potential by embedding a culture that embraces diverse skills, encourages inclusivity and is underpinned by fairness and consistency, which are the main pillars of transformation.

Our passion for the **development and the advancement of black chartered accountants** remains the cornerstone of our support to the transformation process in and the growth of the auditing, accounting and other financial disciplines. Our trainee auditor scheme and our principles in distributing audit work to private firms have been playing a significant role in increasing the number of black CAs and we will continue to strengthen both to ensure maximum contribution.

One of the successes we had in the last two years was the establishment of our enterprise and supplier development programme. We plan to **expand this programme to assist a larger number of small black audit firms** to stand on their feet and become suppliers of auditing skills to us.

We aim to enhance our **management of employment equity further** by ensuring that while we appoint people from diverse backgrounds, we also address diversity-related issues that may result from it. Improving **attitudinal challenges** around including people living with **disability in the workforce** will continue to be a key focus area for the organisation.

OBJECTIVE 2: DEMONSTRATE CLEAN ADMINISTRATION

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	TARGETS				
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
External audit opinion	Clean audit	Clean audit	Clean audit		
Tool	External audit report				

We recognise that our reputation is dependent on our **adherence to standards of excellence in our everyday behaviour** and in all our governance processes and systems. We will continue to **maintain exemplary internal controls**, thus preserving the institution's own unblemished track record of clean audit opinions.

OBJECTIVE 3: SAFEGUARD THE ETHICAL CHARACTER OF THE ORGANISATION

DEDECORMANICE MEASURE	TARGETS				
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
% decisive and timely action against reported ethical breaches	100%	100%	100%		
Tool	Ethics report				

The inclusion of this new strategic objective serves to confirm that ethics will continue to receive undivided support and dedication from the leadership across the organisation in response to the increased environmental trend and risk of ethical breaches.

We will exploit the most effective platforms to enhance awareness and appreciation of the ethical principles the AGSA has adopted and committed to live by. Active engagements with the executive leadership, empowering and capacitating them not only to lead from the front, but also to act consistently against ethical misconduct will be intensified.

WHAT WE WILL DO TO ACHIEVE OUR OBJECTIVES FOR VISION AND VALUES DRIVEN

STRATEGIC INITIATIVE	ENABLERS		
Continue to implement our	1. Alignment with the provisions of the CA Charter		
transformation strategy by growing our people and supporting our suppliers	2. Review the CWC allocation model, including rotation of firms		
and our communities	3. Continue to increase the number of black employees living with disabilities		
	4. Further strengthen our enterprise and supplier development programme		
Continuously enhance ownership and accountability of business process	Continuously review processes and tools to ensure their adequacy and responsiveness to changes in the environment		
owners	2. Continue to monitor controls performance		
Cultivate an environment that enables	1. Roll out the revised ethics policy		
the desired ethical behaviour	2. Enhance the complaints management process and roll out a whistle-blowing mechanism		
	Enable the leadership with knowledge and information to deal decisively with ethical breaches		
Demonstrate quality and transparency	Practice integrated strategic thinking and reporting		
of reporting in our accountability instruments (the integrated annual report and the strategic plan and	Increase awareness of the concept of sustainability within the organisation		
budget)	3. Enhance the understanding of our capitals among the leadership		

ANNEXURE A

The AGSA's Balanced Scorecard 2018-21

ANNEXURE A

THE AGSA'S BALANCED SCORECARD 2018-21

STRATEGIC			PERFORMANCE	MANCE TARGETS			
GOAL	WEIGHT	OBJECTIVE	MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
Value-add	Demonstrate value-adding auditing		% implementation of actions to improve our stakeholders' perception on our added value	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	
			Auditor-general's assessment of the organisation's performance on value-adding auditing	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives	
		Ensure high quality of audits	% adherence to quality standards: audit engagements	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)	80% – 90% (C1, C2 and C3 rating)	
Visibility 20%		Achieve impact through visibility programmes	% implementation of actions to improve our stakeholders' perception on our visibility programmes	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	80% – 100% of the actions for the financial year	
		Auditor-general's assessment of the organisation's performance on visibility	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives	Achieved organisational objectives		
			% roll out of status of records review	80% – 100% of the planned roll-outs for the financial year	80% – 100% of the planned roll-outs for the financial year	80% – 100% of the planned roll-outs for the financial year	

ANNEXURE A

STRATEGIC		0.011.0711.47	PERFORMANCE		TARGETS	
GOAL	WEIGHT	OBJECTIVE	MEASURE	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Viability	40%	Maintain financial viability and legal independence	% net surplus (sustainability margin) as % of audit income	1% – 4%	1% – 4%	1% – 4%
		·	Level of safety (cash margin)	2-4 months	2-4 months	2-4 months
		Attract, develop, and retain great talent	Voluntary turnover of high-potential individuals, executives and senior managers	8%-10%	8%-10%	8%-10%
			% improvement of CA(SA) board exam	20% vs 2017- 18 pass rate	10% vs 2018- 19 pass rate	10% vs 2019- 20 pass rate
			% implementation of staff engagement initiatives	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	Conduct staff engagement survey
		Create an enabling culture and leadership to drive strategy execution	Develop and implement a culture improvement strategy	Define the desired culture, establish a baseline and develop a plan for action	Implement the culture plan	Implement the culture plan
		Increase operational efficiencies	Optimisation of business processes	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year	80% - 100% of actions planned for the year
Values and vision driven	Drive the AGSA's transformation programme	AGSA's transformation	BBBEE level	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2
		Demonstrate clean administration	External audit opinion	Clean audit	Clean audit	Clean audit
		Safeguard the ethical character of the organisation	% decisive and timely actions against reported ethical breaches	100%	100%	100 %

NOTES:

ANNEXURE B

Budget of the Auditor-General of South Africa for 2018-21

ANNEXURE B

PROJECTED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (ACTUAL, BUDGET AND FORECAST)

	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
		·			
AUDIT INCOME	2 977,2	3 276,8	3 381,9	3 590,6	3 806,2
Own hours	2 252,2	2 525,3	2 644,0	2 898,1	3 085,4
S&T recoverable	147,4	158,3	152,8	153,1	162,3
Contract work	583,6	599,2	591,1	545,4	565,3
Present value of revenue adjustment	(6,0)	(6,0)	(6,0)	(6,0)	(6,8)
DIRECT AUDIT EXPENDITURE	2 058,2	2 222,0	2 254,6	2 308,4	2 457,9
Personnel expenditure	1 334,5	1 465,5	1 516,5	1 624,5	1 738,2
S&T recoverable	147,4	158,3	152,9	153,1	162,3
Contract work	583,6	606,5	593,5	539,1	565,3
Present value of contract work adjustments	(7,3)	(8,3)	(8,3)	(8,3)	(7,9)
Contract work % of audit income	19,6%	18,3%	17,5%	15,2%	14,9%
GROSS PROFIT	919,0	1 054,8	1 127,3	1 282,2	1 348,3
Own hours gross profit	917,7	1 059,8	1 127,5	1 273,6	1 347,2
Gross margin % of audit income	30,87%	32,19%	33,33%	35,71%	35,42%
Other income	81,8	67,9	70,5	70,5	72,9
Interest	63,2	34,7	35,6	35,6	37,1
Present value adjustments and other	18,6	33,2	34,9	34,9	35,8
Contribution to overheads	1 000,8	1 122,7	1 197,8	1 352,7	1 421,2
OVERHEAD EXPENSES	969,6	1 012,5	1 121,3	1 247,4	1 315,4
Overhead as % of audit income	32,57%	30,90%	33,16%	34,74%	34,56%
Depreciation	45,8	42,6	34,2	34,2	30,8
NET SURPLUS	(14,6)	67,6	42,3	71,1	75,0
Net surplus as a % of audit income	-0,49%	2,06%	1,25%	1,98%	1,97%

PROJECTED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (ACTUAL, BUDGET AND FORECAST)

	ACTUAL	RODGEI	BODGEI	FORECAST	FORECASI
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity	786,1	853,7	896,0	967,1	1 042,1
General reserve	795,7	795,7	795,7	795,7	795,7
Special audit services fund	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0
Retained earnings	-	(14,6)	53,0	95,3	166,4
Net surplus for the year	(14,6)	67,6	42,3	71,1	75,0
The surplus for the year	(14,0)	07,0	72,0	7 1 , 1	73,0
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	63,6	64,5	65,7	66,2	67,1
Retirement benefit obligation - Medical aid liability	63,6	64,5	65,7	66,2	67,1
CLIPPENT HARMITIES	500 /	5040	550.1	500.0	/10.0
CURRENT LIABILITIES	509,6	524,0	558,1	588,2	612,2
Trade and other payables	396,7	403,4	415,8	422,6	421,0
Leave liability	112,9	120,6	142,3	165,6	191,2
	1 359,3	1 442,2	1 519,8	1 621,5	1 721,4
EMPLOYMENT OF CAPITAL					
Non-current assets	134,8	151,5	171,0	191,5	214,3
Property, plant and equipment	134,8	151,5	171,0	191,5	214,3
INVESTMENTS	287,3	308,5	330,1	351,7	373,1
Current assets	937,2	982,2	1 018,7	1 078,3	1 134,0
Trade and other debtors	671,2	717,9	692,8	711,2	724,0
Bank and cash	266,0	264,3	325,9	367,1	410,0
	===/3	,-	=-,.	, .	
	1 359,3	1 442,2	1 519,8	1 621,5	1 721,4

WORKING CAPITAL ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. Trade and other payables are calculated on a 30-day payment period from date of approval on the AGSA payment system.
- 2. Trade debtors are calculated based on the following days outstanding: 2015 to 2018: 75% 80% recovery within 30 days for the national departments and 55% 80% recovery within 30 days for provincial departments.



PROJECTED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (BUDGET AND FORECAST)

	BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
	31 MARCH 2018	31 MARCH 2019	31 MARCH 2020	31 MARCH 2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Opening bank balance	266,0	264,3	325,9	367,1
Cash inflow	3 567,5	3 753,2	4 038,8	4 200,4
Audit income	3 538,9	3 724,2	4 009,0	4 169,4
Other income	28,6	29,0	29,8	31,0
Cash outflow	3 569.2	3 691.6	3 997.6	4 157.5
Operating expenditure	3 497,5	3 623,6	3 927,7	4 084,8
Capital expenditure	71,7	68,0	69,9	72,7
Closing bank balance	264,3	325,9	367,1	410,0

The cash flow balances reflected above exclude investment balances that are ring-fenced for specific commitments. These investment balances are only part of the total investment balances.

DETAILED BUDGET

		BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(A)	(E)	(F)	(G)
AUDIT INCOME	1	3 276 760 057	3 381 929 283	3 590 682 043	3 806 122 965
Own hours	1.1	2 525 288 693	2 643 964 658	2 898 168 998	3 085 375 193
Regularity audit		2 267 465 261	2 387 984 131	2 617 577 188	2 800 807 592
Specialised audit		257 823 432	255 980 527	280 591 810	298 716 538
Contract work	1.2	599 174 546	591 124 079	545 461 481	565 268 474
Regularity audit		569 497 415	565 735 741	522 034 317	540 990 615
Specialised audit		29 677 132	25 388 338	23 427 164	24 277 859
Subsistence and travel	1.3	158 339 350	152 883 077	153 094 096	162 279 742
Present value of revenue		(6 042 532)	(6 042 532)	(6 042 532)	(6 800 444)
adjustments					
DIRECT ALIDIT COST		0.000.105.040	0.054.500.770	0.000.405.470	0 457 074 071
DIRECT AUDIT COST	0.0	2 222 125 242	2 254 582 778	2 308 435 478	2 457 874 371
Staff remuneration: audit business units	2.3	1 465 525 976	1 516 493 369	1 624 486 043	1 738 200 066
Contract work - recoverable	1.2	606 526 704	593 473 119	539 122 126	565 268 474
Subsistence and travel - recoverable		158 339 350	152 883 077	153 094 096	162 279 742
Present value of CWC		(8 266 788)	(8 266 788)	(8 266 788)	(7 873 911)
(recoverable)		,			
GROSS PROFIT		1 054 634 816	1 127 346 505	1 282 246 565	1 348 248 594
GROSS PROFIT PERCENTAGE		32%	33%	36%	35%
OTHER INCOME	1.4	68 104 585	70 468 286	70 468 286	72 920 491
Interest received: Investments		21 225 681	21 648 579	21 648 579	21 363 949
Interest received: Current account		13 727 996	13 960 000	13 960 000	15 710 996
Sundry income		27 108 376	28 817 175	28 817 175	29 045 103
Present value adjustments –		6 042 532	6 042 532	6 042 532	6 800 444
Revenue/Debtors					
SURPLUS BEFORE OPERATING COST		1 122 739 400	1 197 814 791	1 352 714 851	1 421 169 085
OPERATING COST		1 010 500 055	1 101 007 457	1047 411 471	1.015.075.75
OPERATING COST		1 012 539 351	1 121 285 405	1 24/ 411 470	1 315 375 780
0. "	0.00	0.50 0.00 0.55	000 /00 755	1/0/=000:	500 505 0 75
Staff remuneration:	2.3.2	358 329 353	382 430 752	469 658 086	500 185 861
Support business units		358 329 353	382 430 752	469 658 086	502 534 152

DETAILED BUDGET

		BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
BEGGINI HOLV	110120	(A)	(E)	(F)	(G)
		(* ')	(-/	(• /	(0)
Other personnel expenditure	2	173 323 589	217 079 289	244 391 913	256 672 709
Leave pay provision	2.1	7 660 193	21 699 996	23 327 496	25 579 203
Medical aid provision	2.2	4 910 000	4 173 349	4 486 350	4 919 399
Group life scheme	2.4	28 564 702	38 598 764	42 857 458	46 286 054
Long service awards & other	2.4	105 000	167 496	196 334	197 438
Performance bonus liability	2.6	124 171 512	144 544 384	164 888 875	170 383 909
UIF: employer contribution	2.5	5 143 210	5 142 427	5 621 467	6 061 715
Workmen's compensation premiums	2.5	1 505 356	1 505 356	1 650 070	1 774 461
BU recognition scheme	2.4	1 263 616	1 247 517	1 363 864	1 470 529
Outsourced services		27 749 738	31 475 659	29 945 819	28 448 528
Outsourced services - irrecoverable	3	28 173 262	31 899 183	30 390 943	28 871 396
Present Value of CWC irrecoverable	3	(423 524)	(423 524)	(445 124)	(422 868)
Subsistence and travel - irrecoverable		29 218 515	28 818 677	31 371 917	32 783 653
S&T: Irrecoverable	4	29 218 515	28 818 677	31 371 917	32 783 653
Accommodation		115 002 427	123 909 042	127 400 867	139 347 772
Rental	5	74 287 806	80 630 579	80 529 279	88 904 324
Straight-lining of leases	5.1	(9 574 375)	(8 893 357)	(8 893 357)	(9 782 693)
Operating costs	0.1	50 288 996	52 171 820	55 764 944	60 226 140
Operating costs		00 200 7 7 0	02 17 1 020	00 7 0 1 7 1 1	00 220 1 10
Stakeholder relationship		40 809 919	38 150 310	35 963 049	37 323 865
Liaison	6.1.1	7 431 760	8 105 254	8 518 622	8 859 367
Internal stakeholder relations	6.1.2	2 706 340	2 138 600	2 241 783	2 331 454
External stakeholder relations	6.1.3	3 391 700	2 429 637	2 525 407	2 626 423
Culture expenses		777 849	1 441 947	1 515 487	1 576 106
Constitutional liaison		1 574 739	1 410 564	1 482 503	1 541 803
Non-constitutional liaison		1 100 000	770 000	809 270	841 641
CE portfolio leadership sessions		2 064 493	2 166 200	2 276 676	2 367 743
Senior management workshop		2 637 500	3 900 000	-	-
Stakeholder workshops		1 590 662	1 144 890	1 203 279	1 251 411
Regional congresses	6.2	5 423 456	3 942 156	4 143 206	4 308 935
Foreign visitors	6.3	79 992	220 000	231 220	240 469
Overseas travel	6.4	5 500 000	5 000 001	5 255 001	5 255 001
International conferences		6 531 428	5 481 060	5 760 594	6 123 511



DETAILED BUDGET

		BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(A)	(E)	(F)	(G)
Oversight governance	7	1 812 546	1 981 764	2 082 834	2 249 461
Audit expenses	8	9 734 547	9 973 961	10 482 633	10 901 939
External audit fees	8.1	4 606 027	4 975 160	5 228 893	5 438 048
Internal audit costs	8.2	5 128 520	4 998 802	5 253 741	5 463 890
Bank charges		482 698	574 677	603 985	646 264
B	0	0 (00 05 (7.070.404	7.001./00	7.500.047
Recruitment expenses	9	8 622 356	7 379 404	7 991 628	7 592 047
Advertising		850 000 4 561 260	1 060 000 2 800 000	1 114 060	1 058 357
Personnel agency fees Interviews			1 519 404	3 178 675	3 019 741 1 517 049
		1 411 104 1 799 992	2 000 000	1 596 894 2 102 000	1 996 900
Transfer & relocation expenses		1 / 9 9 9 9 2	2 000 000	2 102 000	1 990 900
Learning and development	10	101 378 394	125 996 181	125 239 619	128 296 864
Membership fees	10.1	19 869 455	21 004 162	17 871 374	18 586 229
Internal training	10.2	16 841 985	26 541 513	25 977 411	27 016 507
Conference and seminars	10.2	3 345 788	4 742 961	4 984 852	5 184 246
Subsistence and travel:	10.2	2 134 974	720 000	756 720	786 989
training					
Study assistance: employees	10.3	23 970 063	20 640 027	21 692 668	20 608 035
Study support incentive scheme		5 477 065	5 252 024	5 519 877	5 740 672
Institutional & learning development projects		1 699 335	2 890 162	3 037 560	3 159 062
Graduates programmes		-	4 843 619	4 670 244	4 857 053
Bursaries	10.4	16 153 411	24 915 743	25 634 819	26 660 212
Tertiary assistance	10.4	3 896 492	5 605 509	5 891 390	6 127 046
Study support incentive scheme		133 191	185 941	195 424	203 241
Skills development levy		17 356 635	18 654 520	19 517 280	20 297 971
Skills development levy –		(9 500 000)	(10 000 000)	(10 510 000)	(10 930 400)
Recovered		,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Employee wellness	11	17 624 584	13 772 020	15 420 293	16 037 104
programmes					
Employee wellness programmes		7 354 584	5 292 020	5 036 413	5 237 869
Employee social responsibility		1 570 000	700 000	735 700	765 128
AGSA social responsibility (general)		3 400 000	3 000 000	4 624 400	4 809 376
Enterprise development		4 000 000	4 000 000	4 204 000	4 372 160
Corporate social investment		1 300 000	780 000	819 780	852 571

		BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(A)	(E)	(F)	(G)
		(* -)	(-/	(- /	(0)
Technological services	12	60 104 170	68 557 419	72 053 847	74 936 001
Computer services	12.1	52 239 172	60 878 169	63 982 956	66 542 274
Hiring of equipment: rental	12.2	5 861 221	5 828 336	6 125 581	6 370 604
Hiring of equipment: copy charges		2 003 776	1 850 914	1 945 311	2 023 123
Insurance and legal fees	13	6 113 472	7 445 839	7 825 577	8 138 600
Insurance		1 613 472	2 698 339	1 765 680	1 836 307
Legal costs		4 500 000	4 747 500	4 989 623	5 189 207
Office maintenance	14	42 040 541	43 297 751	45 505 936	47 326 173
Cleaning: contracts/services		4 914 125	5 454 148	5 732 309	5 961 602
Cleaning: materials		874 028	972 612	1 022 215	1 063 104
Office improvements		1 593 757	1 249 452	1 313 174	1 365 701
Refreshments		2 804 653	3 438 382	3 613 739	3 758 289
Publications		3 451 959	3 132 827	3 292 601	3 424 305
Repairs & maintenance: computer equipment & software		840 000	516 000	542 316	564 009
Repairs & maintenance: furniture and equipment		585 170	660 237	693 910	721 666
Repairs & maintenance: site and buildings		1 917 427	2 166 737	2 277 240	2 368 330
Repairs & maintenance: office vehicles		996 079	1 361 536	1 430 974	1 488 213
Printing of audit reports		4 596 671	2 669 590	2 805 739	2 917 969
Stationery and printing		6 161 595	6 107 899	6 419 402	6 676 178
Artwork & design		-	120 000	126 120	131 165
Present value adjustment		12 467 327	12 467 327	13 103 161	13 627 287
Medical examinations		44 993	-	-	-
Warranty costs		792 758	2 981 004	3 133 035	3 258 357
Communication	15	13 969 529	14 219 676	14 933 108	15 338 675
Cellphone charges	15.2	7 592 555	8 094 150	8 506 952	8 847 230
	13,2				
Postage & courier services Telephone charges	15.1	1 685 611 4 691 363	1 532 893 4 592 633	1 611 070 4 815 086	1 483 756 5 007 689
rerepriorie charges	13.1	4 071 303	4 372 003	4 013 000	3 007 009
Other expenses		6 222 986	6 222 986	6 540 358	6 801 973
Present value of expenditure/ Creditors		(3 777 014)	(3 777 014)	(3 969 642)	(4 128 427)
Bad debts provision		10 000 000	10 000 000	10 510 000	10 930 400

		BUDGET	BUDGET	FORECAST	FORECAST
DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(A)	(E)	(F)	(G)
SURPLUS BEFORE DEPRECIATION		110 200 050	76 529 385	105 303 381	105 793 305
Depreciation	16	42 595 707	34 236 148	34 236 148	30 812 533
Depreciation: motor vehicles		1 138 073	884 803	884 803	796 322
Depreciation: furniture & equipment		7 472 163	4 549 103	4 549 103	4 094 193
Depreciation: computer equipment		18 755 112	11 980 676	11 980 676	10 782 609
Depreciation: computer software		7 834 613	12 283 259	12 283 259	11 054 933
Depreciation: leasehold improvements		7 395 748	4 538 307	4 538 307	4 084 476
NET SURPLUS		67 604 342	42 293 238	71 067 233	74 980 772
Net surplus percentage		2,06%	1,25%	1,98%	1,97%
CAPITAL BUDGET	17	89 302 709	59 700 396	61 700 396	69 614 777
Motor vehicles	17.1	2 782 000	600 000	600 000	2 400 000
Furniture & equipment	17.2	5 637 031	5 411 396	5 411 396	14 572 424
Computer equipment	17.4	56 887 878	43 859 000	43 859 000	24 428 067
Computer software	17.5	17 895 800	8 030 000	8 030 000	18 344 285
Leasehold improvement	17.3	6 100 000	1 800 000	3 800 000	9 870 001
CAPEX AS A % OF TOTAL INCOME		2,73%	1,77%	1,72%	1,83%

1. INCOME

BUDGET ITEM	255	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHAN	IGE
	REF.	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Own hours	1.1	2 525 289	2 643 964	118 675	5%
Contract work	1.2	599 174	591 124	(8 050)	-1%
Subsistence and travelling	1.3	158 340	152 884	(5 456)	-3%
Sub total		3 282 803	3 387 972	105 169	3%
Present value of revenue		(6 043)	(6 043)	-	0%
adjustments					
Total audit income		3 276 760	3 381 929	105 169	3%

EFFECT OF THE ESTIMATES OF THE AGSA FOR 2018-19 ON TOTAL STATE EXPENDITURE

The total estimated audit costs of R3,38 billion for 2018-19 (2017-18: R3,28 billion) amounts to 0,20 % (2017-18: 0,23 %) of estimated state expenditure of approximately R1,677 trillion for 2018-19. The estimate for 2018-19 represents a 3% increase from the 2017-18 budget and has no material effect on the estimated total state expenditure for 2018-19.

1.1. CALCULATION OF OWN HOURS INCOME

The calculation of own hours income takes into account three components, namely:

- number of recoverable staff members (Including vacancies that are planned to be filled (refer to note 1.1.1)
- number of recoverable hours (refer to note 1.1.1 A)
- tariffs (refer to note 1.1.2)

The 2018-19 own hours income has been compiled using the same tariff formula applied in the 2017-18 budget.

1.1.1. NUMBER OF STAFF AUDIT BUSINESS UNITS (ABUs) ONLY

	BUDGET 2017-18			GE	
AUDIT STAFF	STAFF NUMBERS	STAFF NUMBERS	STAFF NUMBERS	%	COMMENTS
	(1)	(2)	(2) – (1)		
Business executives	18	19	1	4%	The increase is due to a new business executive to lead the new business unit focusing on stateowned companies (SOC).
Deputy business executives	17	16	-1	-6%	The decrease is due to a planned retirement at the end of 2017-18. A decision has been taken not to fill the position.
Audit senior managers	157	159	2	1%	The increase is mainly due to additional senior managers to capacitate the new business unit focusing on state-owned companies (SOC).
Senior manager specialists	9	10	1	11%	The decrease is driven by the expected efficiencies as a result of the ongoing
Manager specialists	14	8	-6	-42%	integration strategy.
Performance auditors	20	18	-2	-10%	
Analysts	19	14	-5	-27%	
IT auditors	35	35	0	0%	
Senior IT auditors	25	25	0	0%	
Audit managers	449	451	2	0%	Increase is due to trainee auditors with a CTA
Assistant managers	572	571	-1	0%	qualification being promoted after passing
Audit supervisors	66	137	71	108%	board exams and with relevant experience.
Auditors	31	29	-2	-7%	The decrease in trainee auditors is due to the
Audit clerks	79	52	-27	-34%	organisational strategy to employ more trainees with CTA qualification than non-CTA qualified
Trainee auditors	1 353	1 264	-89	-7%	trainees with the aim of optimising audit efficiencies.
Total recoverable audit staff	2 864	2 808	-56	-2%	
Admin staff: Non- recoverable audit staff in ABUs	259	258	-1	0%	
Total audit staff	3 123	3 066	-57	-2%	

1.1.1. A. OWN HOURS - RECOVERABLE HOURS AND RATIOS

Recoverable hours are influenced by the recovery rate determined for each staff band within the audit BUs. The level of these recovery rates takes into account sufficient time for essential non-recoverable activities, for example, annual leave, study leave, sick leave, training, management and supervision. The average recovery rate for the 2018-19 budget is 62,22% (2017-18 budget: 60,14%). Refer to the analysis of recovery rates and recoverable hours in the table below. The 2% increase in budgeted recovery rate is because no loss of hours is expected from the new methodology programme.

The calculation of recoverable hours is based on the total available hours, which are equal to 2 000,8 hours per person per year (2017-18: 2 009 hours), multiplied by the recovery rate per band and multiplied by the number of recoverable staff per band per note 1.1.1 above. The decrease is due to fewer public holidays in 2018-19 than in 2017-18.

The detailed analysis of recovery ratio and recoverable hours per band is reflected below:

	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	CHAN	GE	
BUDGET ITEM	BUDGET RECOVERY RATE PER BAND	BUDGET RECOVERY RATE PER BAND	RECOVERED HOURS	RECOVERED HOURS	HOURS	%	COMMENTS
			(1)	(2)	(2)-(1)	(2)-(1)	
Audit staff							
Business executives	17%	18%	6 261	6 269	8	0,1%	The net decrease in recoverable hours of
Deputy business executives	23%	22%	8 057	7 163	(894)	-11,1%	63,712 is due to the following:
Senior managers	46%	47%	153 451	150 788	(2 663)	-1,7%	Increase of 75 563 hours due to:
Senior manager specialists	15%	12%	2 865	2 158	(707)	-24,7%	new audits
Audit managers	59%	62%	574 824	559 921	(14 903)	-2,6%	Decrease of 139 275 hours due to:
Manager specialists	27%	36%	8 024	5 827	(2 197)	-27,4%	 net movement in CWC and catch-up audits
Assistant managers	61%	65%	752 631	751 085	(1 546)	-0,2%	(6 220) Scope and risk (9 127)
Performance auditors	54%	55%	22 940	19 918	(3 022)	-13,2%	Efficiencies (67 716)
Analysts	53%	52%	21 402	14 372	(7 030)	-32,8%	Discontinued audits (31 740)
Audit supervisors	63%	66%	85 315	184 326	99 011	116,1%	• Other (24 472)
Auditors	66%	67%	41 472	38 792	(2 680)	-6,5%	The increases/decreases
IT auditors	68%	65%	46 396	45 540	(856)	-1,8%	in recoverable hours
Senior IT auditors	66%	65%	34 113	32 545	(1 568)	-4,6%	within bands are due to the movement of
Audit clerks	66%	66%	106 650	69 414	(37 236)		recoverable staff within
Trainee auditors	63%	66%	1 764 065	1 676 636	(87 429)	-5,0%	the bands year on year.
Total			3 628 466	3 564 754	(63 712)	-1,8%	

1.1.1. B. OWN HOURS - RECOVERABLE HOURS AND RATIOS

				018-19 RATIOS				2018 BUD		2017-18 BUDGET	
BUDGET ITEM	ANNUAL & FAMILY RESPONSIBILITY LEAVE	SICK LEAVE	STUDY LEAVE	RESEARCH	TRAINING	MANAGEMENT & SUPERVISION	TOTAL %	TOTAL NON- RECOVERABLE HOURS	NON RECOVERABLE HOURS PER EMPLOYEE	TOTAL NON- RECOVERABLE HOURS	NON RECOVERABLE HOURS PER EMPLOYEE
Business	11%	4%	0%	0%	6%	61%	82%	31 172	1 641	27 014	1 501
executives Deputy business executives	11%	4%	0%	0%	6%	56%	77%	24 650	1 541	29 415	1 401
Senior managers	11%	4%	0%	0%	6%	29%	51%	162 245	1 020	161 929	910
Senior manager specialists	11%	4%	0%	9%	5%	21%	51%	10 204	1 020	-	-
Audit managers	11%	4%	0%	4%	6%	15%	40%	360 944	800	332 687	700
Manager specialists	11%	4%	0%	0%	5%	11%	32%	5 122	640	-	-
Assistant managers	11%	4%	2%	0%	6%	11%	35%	399 860	700	415 333	700
Performance auditors	11%	4%	2%	3%	6%	8%	35%	12 605	700	-	-
Analysts	11%	4%	2%	3%	6%	8%	35%	9 804	700	-	-
Audit supervisors	11%	4%	4%	0%	6%	9%	35%	95 938	700	56 615	700
Senior IT auditors	11%	4%	4%	0%	6%	9%	35%	17 507	700	-	-
Auditors	11%	4%	4%	0%	6%	7%	33%	19 148	660	26 875	640
Audit clerks	11%	4%	4%	0%	6%	4%	30%	31 212	600	44 792	640
Trainee auditors	11%	4%	8%	0%	6%	4%	34%	859 864	680	976 601	681
IT auditor	11%	4%	6%	0%	5%	4%	31%	21 709	620	-	-

1.1.2. RECOMMENDED TARIFFS

Tariffs are based on average staff costs per band and interval, mark-up factor and recoverable hours per band (staff cost x mark-up factor ÷ recoverable hours). The average 2018-19 budget tariff is R742 per hour (2017-18: R696 per hour) translating into an increase of R46 per hour.

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE			
BUDGET ITEM	RAND PER HOUR (AVERAGE)	RAND PER HOUR (AVERAGE)	RAND PER HOUR (AVERAGE)	COMMENTS		
	(1)	(2)	(2)-(1)			
Audit staff						
Business executives	2 966	3 069	103			
Deputy business executives	3 541	3 750	209			
Senior managers	2 064	2 176	112			
Senior manager specialists	1 864	2 110	246	TI		
Audit managers	1 430	1 518	88	The tariff increase per hour of R46 or 7% year on year is in line with		
Manager specialists	1 206	1 377	171	the budgeted salary increase of 7%.		
Assistant managers	855	932	78	Audit supervisors tariff decreased		
Performance auditors	531	567	36	mainly due to a significant increase		
Analysts	478	500	22	in recovered hours as a result of the		
Audit supervisors	533	515	(18)	increase in headcount of 71 (refer to note 1.1.1)		
Senior IT auditors	420	499	79	note i.i.i)		
Auditors	467	487	20			
Audit clerks	312	376	64			
Trainee auditors	310	311	1			
IT auditor	209	240	31	'		
Average	696	742	46			

1.2. CONTRACT WORK MOVEMENT

Given the importance of private audit firms in contributing strategic resources towards the execution of the AGSA's audit work, it is the AGSA's practice to outsource a certain amount of audit work to private audit firms. This also contributes to the auditing profession's transformation by partially allocating work based on the private audit firms' B-BBEE score. In keeping with the previous year's practice, specific provision has been made for additional allocation of audit work to private audit firms to accommodate employee vacancies, especially during peak audit periods (i.e. the Public Finance Management Act audit cycles).

BUDGET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	COMMENTS
	R′000	R′000	
Enterprise development	476 721	436 320	This is in line with the AGSA's practice of outsourcing work to private audit firms. The decrease is due to the take back of some audits from private firms and is informed by excess capacity created by the efficient use of resources and through the pooling of resources within BUs. The take back will not result in additional staff.
Pre-issuance	57 828	51 863	Review of audit files before the finalisation of audit reports for presentation to auditees.
Vacancies	64 625	102 941	Provision for additional contract work to accommodate unforeseen vacancies.
Total	599 174	591 124	
% of total income	18%	17%	

1.3. S&T - RECOVERABLE

	255	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE	
BUDGET ITEM	REF	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
S&T - recoverable	1.3.1	158 340	152 884	(5 456)	-3,4%
Total		158 340	152 884	(5 456)	-3,4%
% of total income		5%	5%		

1.3.1. CHANGE FROM 2017-18 BUDGET TO 2018-19 BUDGET

The S&T calculation is based on the S&T policy rates and the planned trips to conduct audits. The rate per kilometre applied is R4,80 (2017-18: R 4,80 per kilometre). The decrease of R5 million is due to the consolidation of trips and in line with the AGSA drive to contain audit cost.

1.4. OTHER INCOME

		2017-18 2018-19 BUDGET BUDGET		CHANGE	
BUDGET ITEM	REF	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Interest received: Investments	1.4.1	21 226	21 649	423	2,0%
Interest received: Current account		13 728	13 960	232	1,7%
Sundry income	1.4.2	27 108	28 817	1 710	6,3%
Total		62 062	64 426	2 365	3,8%

1.4.1. INTEREST RECEIVED

The increase in interest on both investments (Public Investment Cooperation, Investec, money market and notice deposit accounts) and current account is due to the planned growth in cash balance as a result of the heightened collections efforts.

1.4.2. SUNDRY INCOME

Sundry income consists of interest charged on long-outstanding debts, income received from tender documents and sales from the gift shop. The increase is in line with the projected CPIX.

2. PERSONNEL EXPENDITURE

		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE	
BUDGET ITEM	REF	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Leave pay provision	2.1	7 661	21 700	14 039	183,3%
Medical aid provision	2.2	4 910	4 174	(736)	-15,0%
Normal salary and benefits	2.3	1 825 156	1 898 925	73 769	4,0%
Other incentives	2.4	27 370	38 767	11 397	41,6%
UIF & WCA	2.5	6 649	6 648	(1)	0,0%
Total		1 871 746	1 970 214	98 468	5,3%
% of total income		57,1%	58,3%		

A more detailed analysis is shown in tables 2.1 to 2.5 below.

2.1. LEAVE PAY PROVISION

The leave pay provision is a function of leave days and salary rate. It is further influenced by the accumulation of leave days allowed in terms of the applicable human resource policy. The number of accumulated leave days is limited to a maximum of 30 days per year per employee at resignation and 120 days on retirement. The 2018-19 budget increase is aligned to 2016-17 actuals.

2.2. POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL AID PROVISION

These estimates are based on actuarial projections by Alexander Forbes Actuaries for the 2018-19 forecast.

2.3. NORMAL SALARY

2.3.1. AUDIT STAFF

	тот	AL	AVERAGE	POSITIONING		
EMPLOYEE GROUP	NO R'000 SALARY PER BAND R'000		AGAINST BENCHMARK - RANGE R'000	COMMENTS		
D : ::	10	04.750	1.0/0	D1 /00 D0 505	The average salary per	
Business executives	19	34 758	1 862	R1 690 - R2 535	band is in line with the	
Deputy business executives	16	24 911	1 557	R1 296 - R1 944	salary surveys conducted by the AGSA's People and	
Audit senior managers	159	198 732	1 248	R990 - R1 675	Organisation Effectiveness BU.	
Senior manager specialists	10	13 032	1 303	R990 - R1 675	The audit supervisor and	
Manager specialists	8	7 485	916	R592 - R1 280	audit senior groups consist of employees who have	
Performance auditors	18	7 037	391	R371 - R557	successfully completed	
Analysts	14	4 639	335	R275 - R485	their training contracts and are studying towards	
IT auditors	35	6 375	182	R141 - R470	professional qualifications	
Senior IT auditors	25	9 761	390	R351 - R606	required for the audit manager level.	
Audit managers	451	428 530	951	R592 - R1 280	The audit clerks group	
Assistant managers	571	344 441	603	R396 - R922	consists of employees who have successfully completed	
Audit supervisors	137	48 973	357	R344 - R607	their training contracts,	
Auditors	29	9 771	339	R261 - R476	but who are behind on academic progress. These	
Audit clerks	52	12 779	245	R212 - 334	employees are transferred from the trainee auditor's	
Trainee auditors	1 264	239 458	189	R113 - R436	band to the audit clerk's	
ABU support staff	258	125 815	488	R140 - R412	band on a fixed-term contract.	
Total	3 066	1 516 494	495		_	

Note: The total audit staff cost includes overtime and staff contracted in (staff employed on a fixed-term contract from private audit firms for a period of one year or less).

2.3.2. SUPPORT STAFF

EMPLOYEE GROUP	TOTA		AVERAGE SALARY PER BAND	POSITIONING AGAINST BENCHMARK - RANGE	COMMENTS
	NO.	R′000	R′000	R′000	
Corporate executive group	13	40 388	3 107	R2 204 - R5 352	Includes salaries of the auditor-general and deputy auditor-general.
Business executives	14	26 092	1 864	R1 609 - R2 414	The salary benchmark
Senior managers	54	68 737	1 273	R990 - R1 484	is in line with the salary
Managers	208	165 541	796	R454 - R1 134	scale projections done by People and Organisation
Admin staff & specialists	209	81 673	391	R140 - R557	Effectiveness Business Unit.
Total support staff	498	382 431	768		

2.3.3. TOTAL STAFF

BUSINESS FOCUS			8-19 DGET	COMMENTS		
AREAS	NO.	R′000	NO.	R′000		
Total audit staff	2 864	1 341 736	2 808	1 390 679	The increase is due to annual salary increases	
Total support staff in audit and non-audit business units	754	483 419	756	508 246	and the appointment of trainee accountants with CTA qualification, coupled	
Total staff	3 618	1 825 155	3 564	1 898 925	with academic progression; however, there is a	

2.4. OTHER INCENTIVES

DUDGET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE	COMMENTS
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
Group life scheme	28 565	38 599	10 034	35,1%	The increase in the group risk cost is mainly driven by the AGSA's escalating claim history, which, over the years, has been higher than the premiums paid for group life, disability and funeral covers. The premiums for the group life are a % of the wage bill.
Long service awards	105	167	62	59,5%	Long service awards are part of the staff retention incentives (total reward) and have been aligned to the 2016-17 actuals plus inflation adjustment.
Business unit recognition scheme	1 264	1 248	(16)	-1,3%	These are BU recognition incentives used to reward teamwork and to promote staff morale. The budget per employee has been kept the same as 2017-18 at R350 per employee. The decrease is mainly driven by the reduction in headcount.
Total	29 934	40 014	10 080	33,7%	

2.5. UIF & WCA

BUDGET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE
	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(2)	(2)-(1)	(2)-(1)
UIF employer's contribution	5 144	5 143	(1)	0,0%
Workmen's compensation premiums	1 506	1 506	-	0,0%
Total	6 650	6 649	(1)	0,0%

These levies are based on the full budgeted staff complement of 3 564 and have been calculated for the full year. The rate used is in terms of the relevant legislation.

2.6. PERFORMANCE BONUS

The increase in the performance bonus for 2018-19 is due to the alignment to actuals of the previous year, coupled with the drive to foster a culture of robust performance management and to retain employees.



3. OUTSOURCED SERVICES

202 222	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE		
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
Consultants' fees	28 173	31 899	3 726	13,2%	
 Ongoing projects 	21 898	25 427	3 529	16,1%	
 One-off ad hoc projects 	6 275	6 473	198	3,1%	
Total	28 173	31 899	3 726	13,2%	
% of total income	0,9%	0,9%			

The analysis below reflects details of the nature of the outsourced services. The activities are by nature not repetitive and therefore the comparatives and commentary for the previous year are not provided.

		2018-19 BUDGET		
BUDGET ITEM	ONGOING	ONE-OFF	TOTAL	COMMENTS
	R′000	R′000	R′000	
Quality control	835		835	External firm-level review and annual quality control reviews by the Independent Regulatory Board of Auditors. Experts for mandatory quality control, e.g. information systems audit. Experts for firm-level reviews performed by the internal Quality Control BU.
Finance	1 630	139	1 769	Outsourced services related to the quantity surveying of the different facilities building projects, accommodation feasibility studies and consulting services for the maintenance of the budget tool.
Information systems audit	1 850		1 850	Development and execution of the project assurance methodology, AGSA data analytics strategic project, information system audit BU learnership and development programmes.
People & organisation				Outsourced services for:
effectiveness	6 735		6 735	organisational culture initiativesexecutive development programme for AGSA leadership
				 team development and effectiveness, employee engagement, coaching and change management

		2018-19 BUDGET		
BUDGET ITEM	ONGOING	ONE-OFF	TOTAL	COMMENTS
	R′000	R′000	R′000	
				These are outsourced services to ensure that the AGSA's messages in all communications/reports are simple, clear and relevant. Daily media clips and quarterly media analysis reports: Engagement of citizens through exploration of media engagements Formalise and implement national and provincial media engagement plans for reaching citizens.
Communication	1 090	2 868	3 958	 Social media analysis report: Formalise the use of social media as a means to reach a wider spectrum of society by channelling our educational programmes for the public or informing stakeholders of the publishing of AGSA's reports. Follow-up perception survey % closure of gaps identified through the stakeholder survey. Implement actions to address the expectations of the users of the AGSA's reports (auditees, executive, portfolio committees, internal audit units, audit committees, media and others) as identified through the stakeholder perception survey of 2015-16.
Information communication & technology	8 757	1 554	10 311	The ongoing cost - external support for PeopleSoft enterprise resource planning (ERP), software development services (integration, business analysis and development), data masking (support and maintenance) and infrastructure.
Strategy & transformation	270		270	Services providers for B-BBEE mid-year and year-end verification process
Research and development		150	150	Outsourced services to assist with further stages of methodology and software content development
Performance audit		4 000	4 000	Contracted-in specialists to do extensive research and develop focus areas for integrated and stand-alone performance audits, to assist in developing deeper knowledge of auditees and understand their value chains in areas where the AGSA does not have own specialists.
Risk and ethics	50		50	Building of a strong ethical culture.
Knowledge management	862		862	SharePoint outsourced services EXTRANET, data clean-up, knowledge management, iKnow database enhancement and content, professional video recordings, stakeholder profiles and digitisation.
Strategic audit projects		580	580	Outsourced services to conduct an evaluation for the pre-issuance tender.

DUD CET ITEM		2018-19 BUDGET		COMMENTS				
BUDGET ITEM	ONGOING	ONE-OFF	TOTAL	COMMENTS				
	R′000	R′000	R'000					
Auditor-general	350		350	The Intosai auditor professionalisation task force and the Intosai capacity-building committee work stream chaired by the auditor-general.				
Secretarial	131	49	180	Contingency measures where external expert are required for the governance structures.				
Total	25 427	6 473	31 899					

One-off initiatives are defined by those projects necessary to establish capabilities that do not currently exist and/or to upgrade current capabilities and technologies.

4. S&T - IRRECOVERABLE

BUDGET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE	
BODGLITTEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
S&T - irrecoverable	29 219	28 819	(400)	-1%
Total	29 219 28		(400)	-1%
% of total income	0,9%	0,9%		

The 1% decrease is due to the consolidation of trips and the internal hosting of events. This is in support of the AGSA's drive to contain costs.

5. ACCOMMODATION

5.1. RENTALS

The average increase in cost per square meter of 8,2% is in line with the annual escalations of leased properties.

	BUDGET	2017-18	BL	JDGET 20	18-19		
LOCATION	SQUARE METRES OCCUPIED	MONTHLY COST PER SQUARE METRE	SQUARE METRES OCCUPIED	TOTAL STAFF ESTABLISHMENT	BASIC RENTAL COST	MONTHLY COST PER SQUARE METRE: 2018-19	COMMENTS
\\/t	2 0 4 7	1 5 /	3 247	001	4 475 104	1 4 4	The warr on warringrans
Western Cape	3 247	154		221	6 475 106	166	The year-on-year increase in rental costs is attributed
Eastern Cape	3 827	140	3 827	281	6 880 295	150	to annual escalation per
Mpumalanga	1 598	148	1 712	157	3 249 801	158	lease agreement as well as
KwaZulu-Natal	4 085	155	4 085	237	7 678 531	157	the acquisition of additional
North West	2 157	150	1 518	144	1 932 113	106	space of 114 square metres in
Limpopo	2 130	251	2 130	183	6 965 933	273	Mpumalanga.
Free State	1 960	123	1 960	197	3 291 007	140	The decrease in the monthly
Johannesburg	2 672	142	3 500	238	6 907 471	164	cost per square metre in
Northern Cape	2 031	134	2 031	152	3 536 627	145	North West is due to lease re-
Pretoria	15 365	165	15 365	1 754	33 713 695	183	negotiations and reduction in office space.
Total	39 072	158	39 375	3 564	80 630 579	171	

6. STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP

BUDGET ITEM		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE	
	REF.	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
Liaison	6.1.1	7 432	8 105	673	9,1%	
Internal stakeholder	6.1.2	2 706	2 139	(568)	-21,0%	
External stakeholder	6.1.3	3 392	2 430	(962)	-28,4%	
Total		13 530	12 674	(857)	-6,3%	
% of total income		0,4%	0,4%			

6.1. STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP

6.1.1. LIAISON

Contained in liaison are costs for employee communication, media management, events management and branding. The increase in liaison budget is due to the strategic drive to improve the AGSA brand in order to improve the employee value proposition.

6.1.2. INTERNAL STAKEHOLDER

		2017-1 BUDG			2018-1 BUDG		VARI	ANCE		
	III o		TOTAL	III a		TOTAL	SE	SE		
BUDGET ITEM	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	AVERAGE AMOUNT	R′000	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	AVERAGE AMOUNT	R′000	DUE TO INCREA	DUE TO DECREASE IN STAFF	COMMENTS	
	(1)	(2)	(1)X(2)	(3)	(4)	(3)X(4)	Δ	Δ		
Business unit team effectiveness	3 618	748	2 706	3 564	600	2 139	(535)	(33)	These are activities that occur every year for internal stakeholder relationship improvement and include costs related to relationship building, farewell parties, staff lunches, ots. The targeted expanditure	
activities									etc. The targeted expenditure per head per annum is R600	

3 618

Total

748

2 706 3 564

600

2 139

(535)

(33)

(budget 2017-18: R750). The decrease is in support of the AGSA's drive to contain cost.

6.1.3. EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDER

	2017-18				2018-19				
		BUDGET							
BUDGET ITEM	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	I FER ANNUM I		NUMBER OF	ALLOWANCE PER ANNUM	TOTAL	VARIANCE		
	EMPLOTEES	R′000	R′000	EMPLOYEES	R′000	R′000			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)-(3)		
Business executives/heads of units - national	24	18	432	24	13	315	(117)		
Business executives provincial	9	18	162	9	13	118	(44)		
Deputy business executives	17	18	306	16	13	210	(96)		
Senior managers	239	9	2 208	238	7	1 608	(600)		
Exco	13	22	283	13	14	181	(103)		
Total	302	11	3 392	300	8	2 430	(959)		

These costs relate to the improvement of relationships and communication with both internal and external stakeholders. The objective with regard to interaction with external stakeholders is to improve the consistency and effectiveness of the AGSA's messages by providing insights to its auditees on their audit outcomes. Internal stakeholder costs are attributable to investment in staff aligning their contribution to the vision and mission of the AGSA. The budget allowance applied per band to compute the budget costs has been reduced to support the cost optimisation strategy.

6.2. REGIONAL CONGRESSES (STRATEGIC ALIGNMENT WORKSHOP)

		2017-18 BUDGET			2018-19 BUDGET			
BUDGET ITEM	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	COST PER EMPLOYEE	TOTAL	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	COST PER EMPLOYEE	TOTAL	VARIANCE	COMMENTS
	ZΨ	RAND	R′000	Zщ	RAND	R′000		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6) - (3)	
BU / CE workshop	3 618	1 499	5 423	3 564	1 106	3 942	(1 481)	The decrease is due to the reduction of
Senior management workshop (SMW)	302	8 733	2 638	300	13 000	3 900	1 263	cost per head for BU/ corporate executive workshop and align to previous year actuals.
Total			8 061			7 842	(219)	

6.3. FOREIGN VISITORS

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHAN	NGE
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Foreign visitors	79	220	141	178%
Total	79	220	141	178%

These expenses relate to foreign visitors from other SAIs to the AGSA and are based on the expected number of visitors. The number of foreign visitors in 2018-19 and the related costs are expected to increase compared to 2017-18.

6.4. OVERSEAS TRAVEL

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE			
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS	
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)		
Auditor-general & deputy auditor-general	3 649	3 300	(349)	-9,6%	Planned trips for the auditor-general and the deputy auditor-general. The auditor-general's international commitments include Intosai (CBC chairperson), Afrosai and Afrosai-E.*	
Institutional cooperation and others	1 851	1 700	(151)	-8,2%	Includes Intosai (regional working groups) responsibilities of subject matter experts as well as conferences/seminars.	
Total	5 500	5 000	(500)	-9,1%		

^{*} The costs for the auditor-general include expenses of staff supporting the auditor-general in his office who will be travelling with him or on his behalf.

7. OVERSIGHT GOVERNANCE

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHA	NGE		
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS	
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)		
Parliamentary oversight (Scoag)	50	92	42	84%	The budgeted costs are mainly driven by the number of meetings held per annum and the induction of new members. The growth in	
Corporate governance boards (auditor-general advisory board, audit committee, and quality control assessment committee)	1 025	1 210	185	18%	2018-19 is due to the expected increase in the number of external meetings, which include the planned meetings for the amendment of the Public Audit Act (PAA).	
Total	1 075	1 302	227	21%		
% total income	0,03%	0,04%				

8. AUDIT FEES

8.1. EXTERNAL AUDIT FEES

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHA	NGE	COMMENTS	
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS	
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)		
Financial audit	2 571	2 777	206	8,0%	The audit fees are based on the estimates provided by the AGSA's	
Balanced scorecard and performance bonus review	1 327	1 433	106	8,0%	external auditors and cover planning, interim audit, final audit,	
Salary review	708	765	57	8,0%	BU visits, internal control reviews as well as other ad hoc reviews such as pre-issuance reviews. The increase is due to the alignment of time required to perform balance scorecard, performance bonus and salary audits. The salary audit is performed to ensure that the salary increases are effected as per excoresolution.	
Total	4 606	4 975	368	8,0%		
% of total income	0,1%	0,1%				

8.2. INTERNAL AUDIT FEES

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHAN	GE
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Routine financial audits	535	522	(14)	-2,5%
Routine human capital-related audits	660	643	(17)	-2,5%
Routine internal controls audits	1 373	1 338	(35)	-2,5%
Business unit visits	566	552	(14)	-2,5%
Ad hoc assignments and systems queries (CAATS application)	496	484	(13)	-2,5%
Project management and attendance of audit committee meetings	538	524	(14)	-2,5%
Risk management meetings and strategic risk assessment	168	164	(4)	-2,5%
Audit software project review	581	566	(15)	-2,5%
Disbursements	212	207	(5)	-2,5%
Total	5 129	4 999	(130)	-2,5%
% of total income	0,2%	0,1%		

The decrease is due to expected efficiencies created from the consolidation of some audits.

9. RECRUITMENT EXPENSES

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE	
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
Advertisements	850	1 060	210	24,7%	Costs related to advertisement of vacancies and graduate recruitment programmes. The increase is due to a combination of alignment to the 2016-17 actuals and expected savings from the use of electronic media.
Personnel agency fees	4 561	2 800	(1 761)	-38,6%	Agency fees are based on a percentage of salary costs of staff expected to be recruited in the 2018-19 financial year. The number of personnel expected to be recruited in 2018-19 is expected to decrease in line with the moratorium placed on the recruitment of staff.
Interviews	1 411	1 519	108	7,7%	The increase is due to the interviews emanating from the talent pools model, which requires some candidates to travel from one region to another for interviews.
Transfer and relocation expenses	1 800	2 000	200	11,1%	The costs include pre-visit costs for internal and external candidates and reimbursement of transportation costs as well as three months' payment of accommodation costs. The increase is due to the planned movement of candidates from one region to another and the impact of the transfer and relocation policy changes.
Total	8 622	7 379	(1 243)	-14,4%	
% of total income	0,3%	0,2%			

10. LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СН	ANGE
BUDGET ITEM	REF.	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Membership fees	10.1	19 869	21 004	1 134	5,7%
Training:		22 323	36 848	14 525	68,2%
Internal training	10.2	18 977	27 262	8 285	43,7%
Conference and seminars	10.2	3 346	4 743	1 807	61,5%
Graduates programmes		-	4 844	4 844	100,0%
Study assistance: employees	10.3	23 970	20 640	(3 330)	-13,9%
HC development projects		1 699	2 890	1 191	70,1%
Bursaries	10.4	16 153	24 916	8 762	54,2%
Study support incentive scheme		5 477	5 252	(225)	-4,1%
Tertiary assistance	10.4	3 896	5 606	1 709	43,9%
Study support incentive scheme: Top up one		133	186	53	39,6%
Skills development levy		17 357	18 655	1 298	7,5%
Skills development levy - recovered		(9 500)	(10 000)	(500)	5,3%
Total		101 378	125 996	24 617	24,8%
% of total income		3.1%	3.7%		

10.1. MEMBERSHIP FEES

The 2018-19 budget for membership fees is based on current and future professional staff intake and the annual increase in membership fees.

10.2. TRAINING

TYPE OF EVEN AS	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE
TYPE OF EXPENSE	R′000	R′000	R'000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Internal	18 977	27 262	8 285	43,7%
Conference and seminars	2 936	4 743	1 807	61,5%
Graduates programmes	0	4 844	4 844	100,0%
Total	21 913	36 848	14 935	68,2%

The increase is mainly due to the new programme on leadership development, targeting professionals within the organisation. In addition, the budget includes the graduates programmes that are aimed at recruitment initiatives for the TA scheme as well as practical audit experience programmes in the AGSA.

10.3. STUDY ASSISTANCE: EMPLOYEES

COURSE OF STUDY	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	COMMENTS
	R′000	R′000	
Diploma	177	153	
Degree	651	561	In line with the AGSA's preference to
CTA/Honours	15 634	13 462	focus on graduate students. The bulk of the amount budgeted relates to
FQE support courses	2 260	1 946	1 210 trainee auditors (Budget 2017-
Non-accounting degrees and diplomas	1 490	1 283	18: 1 353).
Post-graduate, RGA ,CISA	3 757	3 235	,
Total	23 970	20 640	

The movement in this figure is influenced by the study support policy, which prescribes that the AGSA should offer financial assistance only to employees that meet their academic progress requirements, as well as the increase in the numbers of employees that qualify for the study assistance.

10.4. EXTERNAL STUDENT BURSARIES AND TERTIARY ASSISTANCE

The programme of awarding bursaries is intended to create a future employee pool.

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET
	R′000	R′000
Thuthuka	0	14 605
External bursaries	15 712	8 988
Sponsorship, functions & other	982	1 323
Tertiary assistance (Including Fort Hare)	3 896	5 605
Total	20 050	30 521

SAICA THUTHUKA PROGRAMME

The focus on development is heightened through the investment in Thuthuka support in line with the new strategy to improve the trainee auditor mix through 50% CTA and 50% degree. However, this spending is mitigated by a corresponding reduction in the bursary spending for trainee auditors. This strategy will result in improved recovery rates for this level due to less time spent on study activities.

EXTERNAL BURSARIES AND CENTENARY SCHOLARSHIP

This refers to the cost of our commitment to 97 external bursary holders (2017-18 budget: 143). In addition, there are nine students under our centenary scholarship programme (funded through the AGSA centenary scholarship fund; refer to note 11 below). The decrease in the number of students is driven by a strategic decision to focus and invest more on the Thuthuka programme.

NAME OF UNIVERSITY	NO. OF STUDENTS: BUDGET 2017-18	NO. OF STUDENTS: BUDGET 2018-19	CENTENARY SCHOLARSHIP: NO. OF STUDENTS; BUDGET 2018-19
Johannesburg	20	13	
Wits	20	13	
Pretoria	8	5	2
Monash	2	2	۷
Free State	9	6	
KwaZulu-Natal	19	13	5
Cape Town	13	9	2
Stellenbosch	7	5	
Nelson Mandela Metro	2	2	
North West	17	11	
Fort Hare	20	13	
Rhodes	4	3	
Limpopo	0	-	
Western Cape	2	2	
Total	143	97	9

FORT HARE

The AGSA's support to Fort Hare University is for the subvention of lecturers' salaries and other study material costs.

11. EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAMME

R'000 R'000 R'000 % (1) (3) (3)-(1) (3)-(1) This relates to fees paid to external service providers for various services, which include employee assistance, executive wellness, lifestyle management and HIV/Aids programmes. The budget is aligned to previous year actuals. As part of the AGSA's sustainability model, the socio-economic development programme aims to ensure the promotion and awareness of the accounting and auditing profession, but also serves to uplift the communities in which the AGSA operates. The outsourced services are for the following initiatives: Conferences and gala dinner sponsorships for: Socio development programme 2 870 1 480 (1 390) -55,4% ABASA gala dinner AWCA dinner and related conference package ABASA audit outcome feedback session SAICA gala dinner Sponsorship of the adopted schools, historically disadvantaged universities and Mandela-day initiatives.		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHAI	NGE	
Employee wellness programmes 7 355 5 292 (2 063) -28,0% This relates to fees paid to external service providers for various services, which include employee assistance, executive wellness, lifestyle management and HIV/Aids programmes. The budget is aligned to previous year actuals. As part of the AGSA's sustainability model, the socio-economic development programme aims to ensure the promotion and awareness of the accounting and auditing profession, but also serves to uplift the communities in which the AGSA operates. The outsourced services are for the following initiatives: Conferences and gala dinner sponsorships for: ABASA gala dinner - AWCA dinner and related conference package - ABASA audit outcome feedback session - SAICA gala dinner Sponsorship of the adopted schools, historically disadvantaged universities and Mandela-day initiatives.	BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS
Employee wellness programmes 7 355 5 292 (2 063) -28,0% Providers for various services, which include employee assistance, executive wellness, lifestyle management and HIV/ Aids programmes. The budget is aligned to previous year actuals. As part of the AGSA's sustainability model, the socio-economic development programme aims to ensure the promotion and awareness of the accounting and auditing profession, but also serves to uplift the communities in which the AGSA operates. The outsourced services are for the following initiatives: Conferences and gala dinner sponsorships for: Socio development programme 2 870 1 480 (1 390) -55,4% ABASA gala dinner AWCA dinner and related conference package ABASA audit outcome feedback session SAICA gala dinner Sponsorship of the adopted schools, historically disadvantaged universities and Mandela-day initiatives.		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
model, the socio-economic development programme aims to ensure the promotion and awareness of the accounting and auditing profession, but also serves to uplift the communities in which the AGSA operates. The outsourced services are for the following initiatives: Conferences and gala dinner sponsorships for: Socio development programme 2 870 1 480 (1 390) -55,4% ABASA gala dinner AWCA dinner and related conference package ABASA audit outcome feedback session SAICA gala dinner Sponsorship of the adopted schools, historically disadvantaged universities and Mandela-day initiatives.		7 355	5 292	(2 063)	-28,0%	providers for various services, which include employee assistance, executive wellness, lifestyle management and HIV/ Aids programmes. The budget is aligned to
The decrease is due to the alignment to		2 870	1 480	(1390)	-55,4%	model, the socio-economic development programme aims to ensure the promotion and awareness of the accounting and auditing profession, but also serves to uplift the communities in which the AGSA operates. The outsourced services are for the following initiatives: Conferences and gala dinner sponsorships for: ABASA gala dinner AWCA dinner and related conference package ABASA audit outcome feedback session SAICA gala dinner Sponsorship of the adopted schools, historically disadvantaged universities and
	Auditor-general social responsibility	3 400	3 000	(400)	-11,8%	This cost typically includes AGSA centenary scholarship fund and sponsorship of tables at fundraising events hosted by organisation such the Association for the Advancement of Black Accountants of Southern Africa. The decrease is in line with the strategy to optimise events to contain cost escalations.
Auditor-general social responsibility Substitute of Black Accountants of Southern Africa. Such darship fund and sponsorship of tables at fundraising events hosted by organisation such the Association for the Advancement of Black Accountants of Southern Africa. The decrease is in line with the strategy to	Enterprise development	4 000	4 000	-	0,0%	This includes B-BBEE interventions to support and uplift black entrepreneurs and support for the growth of the auditing profession. The budget for 2018-19 was determined based on the affordability principle.
Auditor-general social responsibility 3 400 3 000 (400) -11,8% scholarship fund and sponsorship of tables at fundraising events hosted by organisation such the Association for the Advancement of Black Accountants of Southern Africa. The decrease is in line with the strategy to optimise events to contain cost escalations. This includes B-BBEE interventions to support and uplift black entrepreneurs and support for the growth of the auditing profession. The budget for 2018-19 was determined	Total	17 625	13 772	-3 853	-21,9%	



12. TECHNOLOGICAL SERVICES

		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHAI	NGE
BUDGET ITEM	REF.	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Licence and equipment maintenance	12.1	52 239	60 878	8 639	16,5%
Hiring of equipment - rental	12.2	5 861	5 829	(33)	-0,6%
Hiring of equipment - copy charges		2 004	1 852	(153)	-7,6%
Total		60 104	68 557	8 453	14,1%
% of total income		1,8%	2,0%		

12.1. COMPUTER SERVICES

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHANGE		
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)	
IT maintenance and support	33 757	34 189	432	1,3%	The increase in IT maintenance and support is due to software licence fees
Networks	14 400	23 364	8 964	62,3%	for PeopleSoft, Microsoft and TeamMate,
Security	3 382	2 925	(457)	-13,5%	mobile connectivity costs (Telkom and Vodacom). The increase in networks is a
Telecommunications	700	400	(300)	-42,9%	result of the removal of the quota system (capped internet access) in the last two financial years.
Total	52 239	60 878	8 639	16,5%	
% of total income	1,6%	1,8%			

12.2. HIRING OF EQUIPMENT - RENTAL

The rental agreement of R3 800 per month remains the same as in 2017-18, the marginal decrease is due to the BU's planning to share the existing multifunction copy machines instead of acquiring new ones

13. INSURANCE AND LEGAL FEES

BUDGET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE	COMMENTS	
DODOLI IILM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%	COMMENTS	
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)		
Insurance	1 613	2 698	1 085	67,2%	The increase is due to the alignment of the budget to the AGSA's claim history and the increased premiums to cover electronic equipment and software that were previously not insured.	
Legal fees and contingency	4 500	4 748	248	5,5%	The increase is due to the alignment of legal costs to actuals of the previous year, which includes the anticipated labour-related cases, costs related to litigation of debtors and legal costs for audit pushbacks.	
Total	6 113	7 446	1 333	21,8%		
% of total income	0,2%	0,2%				

14. OFFICE MAINTENANCE

DUD OF ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Office maintenance	29 574	30 831	1 257	4,2%*
Total	29 574	30 831	1 257	4,2%
% of total income	0,9%	0,9%		

^{*} Does not include present value adjustment of sundry expenses.

Included in office maintenance are costs of cleaning (R6,4 million), office improvements, refreshments and publications (R7,8 million), repairs and maintenance (R4,7 million), stationery and printing (R8,7 million) and others (R3,1 million). The increase is mainly due to escalations in cleaning contract fees.

15. COMMUNICATION

		2017-18 2018-19 BUDGET BUDGET				BUDGET BUDGET	CHAI	NGE
BUDGET ITEM	REF	R′000	R′000	R′000	%			
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)			
	•		·	·				
Telephone charges	15.1	4 691	4 593	(99)	-2,1%			
Cellphone charges	15.2	7 593	8 094	502	6,6%			
Postage and courier services		1 686	1 533	(153)	-9,1%			
Total		13 970	14 220	250	1,8%			
% of total income		0,4%	0,4%					

15.1. TELEPHONE CHARGES

The costs are mainly influenced by the budgeted number of staff of 3 564 for 2018-19 (2017-18 budget: 3 618), resulting in a decrease in the 2018-19 budget.

14.2. CELLPHONE CHARGES

The increase in cellphone costs is mainly driven by the growth in the budgeted number of qualifying staff and inflation adjustments.

16. DEPRECIATION

	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	СНА	NGE
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
	(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Motor vehicles	1 138	885	(253)	-22,3%
Furniture & equipment	7 472	4 549	(2 923)	-39,1%
Computer equipment	18 755	11 981	(6 774)	-36,1%
Computer software	7 835	12 283	4 448	56,8%
Leasehold improvements	7 396	4 538	(2 858)	-38,6%
Total	42 596	34 236	(8 360)	-19,6%
% of total income	1,3%	1,0%		

The depreciation expense budget is based on the depreciation of existing assets plus the depreciation of assets to be purchased as per 2018-19 capital expenditure budgets, based on the AGSA's asset management policy.

The decrease is mainly due to the reduced deprecation rates for furniture, office and computer equipment as a result of extension of useful life of certain categories of assets. The useful life for furniture has been increased from 15 to 19 years, office equipment from 3 to 6 years and office equipment from 5 to 8 years.

17. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BUDGET

17.1. MOTOR VEHICLES

DESCRIPTION	2017-18 BUDGET NCV	ACQUISITIONS: BUDGET 2018-19	DEPRECIATION	2018-19 BUDGET NCV	
	R′000	R'000 R'000		R'000	
Motor vehicles	4 308	600	885	4 023	
Total	4 308	600	885	4 023	

LOCATION	2017-18 BUDGET R'000	2018-19 BUDGET R'000
Provision for the purchase of new motor vehicles Mpumalanga	2 782	600
Total	2 782	600

17.2. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

DESCRIPTION	2017-18 BUDGET NCV	ACQUISITIONS: BUDGET 2018- 19	DEPRECIATION	2018-19 BUDGET NCV
	R′000	R'000	R'000	R′000
Furniture and equipment	24 744	5 411	4 549	25 606
Total	24 744	5 411	4 549	25 606

LOCATION	2017-18 BUDGET R'000	2018-19 BUDGET R'000	COMMENTS
Pretoria and other regional offices	5 637	5 411	New furniture acquisition is budgeted for centrally at head office for all the AGSA offices. The replacement of furniture and redesign of offices is in line with branding requirements and the creation of more office space for staff. The decrease is due to the bulk of the furniture being acquired in the previous three financial years (2015-16 to 2017-18).
Total	5 637	5 411	

17.3. LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

DESCRIPTION	2017-18 BUDGET	ACQUISITIONS: BUDGET	BUDGET DEPRECIATION	
	NCV	2018-19		NCV
	R′000	R'000	R'000	R'000
		•		
Leasehold improvements	19 204	1 800	4 538	16 466
Total	19 204	1 800	4 538	16 466

LOCATION	2017-18 BUDGET R'000	2018-19 BUDGET R'000	COMMENTS
Pretoria and other regional offices	6 100	1 800	Leasehold improvements are budgeted for centrally at head office for all the AGSA's offices. The leasehold improvements will be rolled out at the Gauteng office. In addition, the budget includes security upgrades to all AGSA offices, except Pretoria, Western Cape and Kimberly.
Total	6 100	1 800	

17.4. COMPUTER HARDWARE, NETWORK AND SECURITY

DESCRIPTION	2017-18 BUDGET NCV R'000	ACQUISITIONS: BUDGET 2018-19 R'000	DEPRECIATION R'000	2018-19 BUDGET NCV R'000
	K 000	K 000	K 000	N 000
Computer hardware	78 554	43 859	11 981	110 342
Total	78 554	43 859	11 981	110 342

BUDGET ITEM		2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	CHA	NGE
	REF.	R′000	R′000	R′000	%
		(1)	(3)	(3)-(1)	(3)-(1)
Computer hardware	17.4.1	12 650	10 799	(1 851)	-14,6%
Networks	17.4.2	6 720	3 500	(3 220)	-47,9%
Security	17.4.3	5 000	11 000	6 000	120,0%
Notebooks	17.4.4	32 518	18 560	(13 958)	-42,9%
Total		56 888	43 859	(13 029)	-22,9%

NOTES ON THE BUDGET

17.4.1. COMPUTER HARDWARE

The decrease is due to less computer hardware required in the 2018-19 financial year as most of the hardware is planned to be acquired in 2017-18 financial year.

17.4.2. **NETWORKS**

The decrease is due to the refreshed environment of the server and storage infrastructure project as well as the network project taking place in the 2017-18 financial year.

17.4.3. **SECURITY**

The increase is due to the implementation of the approved IT security framework project (2017 - 2020).

17.4.4. NOTEBOOKS

Regional systems

The cost relates to the acquisition of notebooks for new employees as well as the replacement of old ones.

17.5. COMPUTER SOFTWARE

DESCRIPTION	2017-18 BUDGET	ACQUISITIONS: BUDGET 2018-	DEPRECIATION	2018-19 BUDGET
	NCV	19		NCV
	R′000	R′000	R′000	R'000
Computer software	54 723	8 030	12 283	50 470
Total	54 723	8 030	12 283	50 470
DI IDCET ITEM	2017-18 BUDGET	2018-19 BUDGET	60 44	AENITS
BUDGET ITEM	R′000	R′000	COMA	VEIA12
	(1)	(3)		

Systems	3 560	-
New software licence	10 935	These are additional licences to be procured to accommodate all staff members, e.g. Microsoft (tru-up), Qlikview and Oracle.
New systems implementation	3 000	This is the new command centre control 1 300 system which will ensure efficient monitoring of IT services
Total	17 895	8 030

400

NOTES:

Proposed Internal Rates 2018-19

PROPOSED INTERNAL RATES 2018-19

	SALARY IN	NTERVAL				
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
BUSINESS EXECUTIVE			3 069	3 069	3 069	3 069
DEPUTY BUSINESS EXECUTIVE	1 000 001	1 020 000	2 455	2 498	1 738	2 585
	1 020 001	1 040 000	2 503	2 548	1 772	2 636
	1 040 001	1 060 000	2 552	2 597	1 807	2 687
	1 060 001	1 080 000	2 600	2 647	1 841	2 739
	1 080 001	1 100 000	2 649	2 696	1 875	2 790
	1 100 001	1 120 000	2 698	2 745	1 910	2 841
	1 120 001	1 140 000	2 746	2 795	1 944	2 892
	1 140 001	1 160 000	2 795	2 844	1 979	2 943
	1 160 001	1 180 000	2 844	2 894	2 013	2 994
	1 180 001	1 200 000	2 892	2 943	2 048	3 046
	1 200 001	1 220 000	2 941	2 993	2 082	3 097
	1 220 001	1 240 000	2 989	3 042	2 116	3 148
	1 240 001	1 260 000	3 038	3 092	2 151	3 199
	1 260 001	1 280 000	3 087	3 141	2 185	3 250
	1 280 001	1 300 000	3 135	3 191	2 220	3 302
AUDIT SM	700 001	720 000	1 263	1 130	1 176	1 236
	720 001	740 000	1 299	1 162	1 209	1 270
	740 001	760 000	1 334	1 194	1 242	1 305
	760 001	780 000	1 370	1 226	1 275	1 340
	780 001	800 000	1 405	1 258	1 308	1 375
	800 001	820 000	1 441	1 290	1 342	1 410
	820 001	840 000	1 476	1 321	1 375	1 445
	840 001	860 000	1 512	1 353	1 408	1 479
	860 001	880 000	1 548	1 385	1 441	1 514
	880 001	900 000	1 583	1 417	1 474	1 549
	900 001	920 000	1 619	1 449	1 507	1 584
	920 001	940 000	1 654	1 481	1 540	1 619
	940 001	960 000	1 690	1 513	1 573	1 653
	960 001	980 000	1 725	1 544	1 607	1 688
	980 001	1 000 000	1 761	1 576	1 640	1 723
	1 000 001	1 020 000	1 797	1 608	1 673	1 758
	1 020 001	1 040 000	1 832	1 640	1 706	1 793



	SALARY IN	NTERVAL		TA	RIFF	
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	1 040 001	1 060 000	1 868	1 672	1 739	1 827
	1 060 001	1 080 000	1 903	1 704	1 772	1 862
	1 080 001	1 100 000	1 939	1 735	1 805	1 897
	1 100 001	1 120 000	1 975	1 767	1 838	1 932
	1 120 001	1 140 000	2 010	1 799	1 872	1 967
	1 140 001	1 160 000	2 046	1 831	1 905	2 001
	1 160 001	1 180 000	2 081	1 863	1 938	2 036
	1 180 001	1 200 000	2 117	1 895	1 971	2 071
	1 200 001	1 220 000	2 152	1 927	2 004	2 106
	1 220 001	1 240 000	2 188	1 958	2 037	2 141
	1 240 001	1 260 000	2 224	1 990	2 070	2 175
	1 260 001	1 280 000	2 259	2 022	2 103	2 210
	1 280 001	1 300 000	2 295	2 054	2 137	2 245
SM SPECIALIST	700 001	720 000	1 264	1 132	1 177	1 237
	720 001	740 000	1 300	1 163	1 210	1 272
	740 001	760 000	1 335	1 195	1 243	1 307
	760 001	780 000	1 371	1 227	1 277	1 341
	780 001	800 000	1 407	1 259	1 310	1 376
	800 001	820 000	1 442	1 291	1 343	1 411
	820 001	840 000	1 478	1 323	1 376	1 446
	840 001	860 000	1 514	1 355	1 409	1 481
	860 001	880 000	1 549	1 387	1 442	1 516
	880 001	900 000	1 585	1 418	1 476	1 550
	900 001	920 000	1 620	1 450	1 509	1 585
	920 001	940 000	1 656	1 482	1 542	1 620
	940 001	960 000	1 692	1 514	1 575	1 655
	960 001	980 000	1 727	1 546	1 608	1 690
	980 001	1 000 000	1 763	1 578	1 641	1 725
	1 000 001	1 020 000	1 798	1 610	1 674	1 760
	1 020 001	1 040 000	1 834	1 642	1 708	1 794
	1 040 001	1 060 000	1 870	1 673	1 741	1 829
	1 060 001	1 080 000	1 905	1 705	1 774	1 864
	1 080 001	1 100 000	1 941	1 737	1 807	1 899
	1 100 001	1 120 000	1 976	1 769	1 840	1 934
	1 120 001	1 140 000	2 012	1 801	1 873	1 969
	1 140 001	1 160 000	2 048	1 833	1 907	2 003
	1 160 001	1 180 000	2 083	1 865	1 940	2 038



	SALARY IN	NTERVAL		<u>T</u> A	RIFF	F	
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS	
	1 100 001	1 000 000	0.110	1.007	1.070	0.070	
	1 180 001	1 200 000	2 119	1 897	1 973	2 073	
	1 200 001	1 220 000	2 155	1 928	2 006	2 108	
	1 220 001	1 240 000	2 190	1 960	2 039	2 143	
	1 240 001	1 260 000	2 226	1 992	2 072	2 178	
	1 260 001	1 280 000	2 261	2 024	2 106	2 213	
	1 280 001	1 300 000	2 297	2 056	2 139	2 247	
ALIDIT MANIACED	4/0.001	400.000	700	/00	700	700	
AUDIT MANAGER	460 001	480 000	790	680	738	798	
	480 001	500 000	824	709	770	832	
	500 001	520 000	858	738	801	866	
	520 001	540 000	891	767	833	900	
	540 001	560 000	925	796	864	934	
	560 001	580 000	958	825	895	968	
	580 001	600 000	992	854	927	1 002	
	600 001	620 000	1 026	883	958	1 036	
	620 001	640 000	1 059	912	990	1 070	
	640 001	660 000	1 093	941	1 021	1 104	
	660 001	680 000	1 127	970	1 053	1 138	
	680 001	700 000	1 160	999	1 084	1 172	
	700 001	720 000	1 194	1 028	1 115	1 206	
	720 001	740 000	1 228	1 057	1 147	1 239	
	740 001	760 000	1 261	1 086	1 178	1 273	
	760 001	780 000	1 295	1 115	1 210	1 307	
	780 001	800 000	1 328	1 144	1 241	1 341	
	800 001	820 000	1 362	1 173	1 272	1 375	
	820 001	840 000	1 396	1 202	1 304	1 409	
	840 001	860 000	1 429	1 231	1 335	1 443	
	860 001	880 000	1 463	1 260	1 367	1 477	
	880 001	900 000	1 497	1 289	1 398	1 511	
	900 001	920 000	1 530	1 317	1 430	1 545	
	920 001	940 000	1 564	1 346	1 461	1 579	
	940 001	960 000	1 597	1 375	1 492	1 613	
	960 001	980 000	1 631	1 404	1 524	1 647	
	980 001	1 000 000	1 665	1 433	1 555	1 681	
MANAGER	460 001	480 000	790	680	697	798	
SPECIALIST							



	SALARY IN	TERVAL				
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY	REGULARITY	INFORMATION	PERFORMANCE	INVESTIGATIONS
	SALAKI LOWEK	UPPER	AUDIT	SYSTEMS AUDIT	AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	400.000		22.1			
	480 001	500 000	824	709	726	832
	500 001	520 000	858	738	756	866
	520 001	540 000	891	767	786	900
	540 001	560 000	925	796	815	934
	560 001	580 000	958	825	845	968
	580 001	600 000	992	854	875	1 002
	600 001	620 000	1 026	883	904	1 036
	620 001	640 000	1 059	912	934	1 070
	640 001	660 000	1 093	941	964	1 104
	660 001	680 000	1 127	970	993	1 138
	680 001	700 000	1 160	999	1 023	1 172
	700 001	720 000	1 194	1 028	1 053	1 206
	720 001	740 000	1 228	1 057	1 082	1 239
	740 001	760 000	1 261	1 086	1 112	1 273
	760 001	780 000	1 295	1 115	1 142	1 307
	780 001	800 000	1 328	1 144	1 171	1 341
	800 001	820 000	1 362	1 173	1 201	1 375
	820 001	840 000	1 396	1 202	1 231	1 409
	840 001	860 000	1 429	1 231	1 260	1 443
	860 001	880 000	1 463	1 260	1 290	1 477
	880 001	900 000	1 497	1 289	1 320	1 511
	900 001	920 000	1 530	1 317	1 349	1 545
	920 001	940 000	1 564	1 346	1 379	1 579
	940 001	960 000	1 597	1 375	1 408	1 613
	960 001	980 000	1 631	1 404	1 438	1 647
	980 001	1 000 000	1 665	1 433	1 468	1 681
ASSISTANT MANAGER	300 001	320 000	501	435	445	517
	320 001	340 000	533	463	474	551
	340 001	360 000	566	491	502	584
	360 001	380 000	598	519	531	617
	380 001	400 000	630	547	560	651
	400 001	420 000	663	575	588	684
	420 001	440 000	695	603	617	718
	440 001	460 000	727	631	646	751
	460 001	480 000	760	659	675	784
	480 001	500 000	792	687	703	818
	500 001	520 000	824	715	732	851

	SALARY IN	ITERVAL		TA	RIFF	
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	520 001	540 000	857	744	761	884
	540 001	560 000	889	772	789	918
	560 001	580 000	921	800	818	951
	580 001	600 000	954	828	847	985
	600 001	620 000	986	856	875	1 018
	620 001	640 000	1 018	884	904	1 051
	640 001	660 000	1 051	912	933	1 085
	660 001	680 000	1 083	940	962	1 118
	680 001	700 000	1 115	968	990	1 151
DEDECORANA						
PERFORMANCE AUDITOR	300 001	320 000	501	435	463	517
	320 001	340 000	533	463	493	551
	340 001	360 000	566	491	522	584
	360 001	380 000	598	519	552	617
	380 001	400 000	630	547	582	651
	400 001	420 000	663	575	612	684
	420 001	440 000	695	603	642	718
	440 001	460 000	727	631	672	751
	460 001	480 000	760	659	701	784
	480 001	500 000	792	687	731	818
	500 001	520 000	824	715	761	851
	520 001	540 000	857	744	791	884
	540 001	560 000	889	772	821	918
	560 001	580 000	921	800	851	951
	580 001	600 000	954	828	881	985
	600 001	620 000	986	856	910	1 018
	620 001	640 000	1 018	884	940	1 051
	640 001	660 000	1 051	912	970	1 085
	660 001	680 000	1 083	940	1 000	1 118
	680 001	700 000	1 115	968	1 030	1 151
ANALYST	300 001	320 000	501	435	463	498
	320 001	340 000	533	463	493	531
	340 001	360 000	566	491	523	563
	360 001	380 000	598	519	553	595
	380 001	400 000	630	547	582	627

	SALARY IN	ITERVAL		TA	RIFF	
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	400 001	420 000	663	575	612	659
	420 001	440 000	695	603	642	691
	440 001	460 000	727	631	672	723
	460 001	480 000	760	659	702	756
	480 001	500 000	792	687	732	788
	500 001	520 000	824	715	762	820
	520 001	540 000	857	744	792	852
	540 001	560 000	889	772	821	884
	560 001	580 000	921	800	851	916
	580 001	600 000	954	828	881	949
	600 001	620 000	986	856	911	981
	620 001	640 000	1 018	884	941	1 013
	640 001	660 000	1 051	912	971	1 045
	660 001	680 000	1 083	940	1 001	1 077
	680 001	700 000	1 115	968	1 030	1 109
AUDIT SUPERVISOR	280 001	300 000	432	382	266	395
	300 001	320 000	462	408	284	423
	320 001	340 000	492	435	303	450
	340 001	360 000	521	461	321	477
	360 001	380 000	551	487	339	504
	380 001	400 000	581	514	358	532
	400 001	420 000	611	540	376	559
	420 001	440 000	641	567	394	586
	440 001	460 000	670	593	413	613
	460 001	480 000	700	619	431	641
	480 001	500 000	730	646	449	668
	500 001	520 000	760	672	468	695
SENIOR IT AUDITOR	280 001	300 000	427	377	263	390
	300 001	320 000	456	403	281	417
	320 001	340 000	485	429	299	444
	340 001	360 000	515	455	317	471
	360 001	380 000	544	481	335	498
	380 001	400 000	574	507	353	525
	400 001	420 000	603	533	371	552

	SALARY IN	ITERVAL				
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	420 001	440 000	633	559	389	579
	440 001	460 000	662	585	408	606
	460 001	480 000	691	611	426	632
	480 001	500 000	721	637	444	659
	500 001	520 000	750	663	462	686
AUDITOR	180 001	200 000	284	243	260	252
AUDITOR	200 001	220 000	314	269	287	278
	220 001	240 000	344	209	314	305
	240 001	260 000	374	320	342	303
	260 001	280 000	404	346	369	358
	280 001	300 000	434	371	397	384
	300 001	320 000	464	397	424	411
	320 001	340 000	494	423	451	437
	340 001	360 000	524	448	479	464
	360 001	380 000	554	474	506	490
	380 001	400 000	584	499	533	517
	400 001	420 000	614	525	561	543
	420 001	440 000	644	551	588	570
	440 001	460 000	674	576	615	596
	460 001	480 000	704	602	643	623
	480 001	500 000	734	627	670	649
	500 001	520 000	763	653	697	676
AUDIT CLERK	80 001	100 000	154	128	89	132
	100 001	120 000	188	156	109	162
	120 001	140 000	223	185	129	191
	140 001	160 000	257	213	149	221
	160 001	180 000	291	242	168	250
	180 001	200 000	325	270	188	280
	200 001	220 000	360	299	208	309
	220 001	240 000	394	327	228	338
	240 001	260 000	428	356	248	368
	260 001	280 000	463	384	267	397
	280 001	300 000	497	412	287	427
	300 001	320 000	531	441	307	456
	320 001	340 000	565	469	327	486

	SALARY IN	TERVAL	TARIFF			
CATEGORIES	SALARY LOWER	SALARY UPPER	REGULARITY AUDIT	INFORMATION SYSTEMS AUDIT	PERFORMANCE AUDIT	INVESTIGATIONS
	340 001	360 000	600	498	347	515
	360 001	380 000	634	526	366	544
	380 001	400 000	668	555	386	574
TRAINEE AUDITOR	80 001	100 000	164	136	95	141
	100 001	120 000	200	166	116	172
	120 001	140 000	236	196	137	203
	140 001	160 000	273	226	158	234
	160 001	180 000	309	257	179	266
	180 001	200 000	346	287	200	297
	200 001	220 000	382	317	221	328
	220 001	240 000	418	347	242	359
	240 001	260 000	455	377	263	390
	260 001	280 000	491	408	284	422
	280 001	300 000	527	438	305	453
	300 001	320 000	564	468	326	484
	320 001	340 000	600	498	347	515
	340 001	360 000	636	528	368	547
	360 001	380 000	673	559	389	578
	380 001	400 000	709	589	410	609
IT AUDITOR	80 001	100 000	156	130	90	134
	100 001	120 000	191	158	110	164
	120 001	140 000	225	187	130	194
	140 001	160 000	260	216	150	223
	160 001	180 000	295	245	170	253
	180 001	200 000	329	274	190	283
	200 001	220 000	364	302	210	313
	220 001	240 000	399	331	231	343
	240 001	260 000	433	360	251	372
	260 001	280 000	468	389	271	402
	280 001	300 000	503	417	291	432
	300 001	320 000	538	446	311	462
	320 001	340 000	572	475	331	491
	340 001	360 000	607	504	351	521
	360 001	380 000	642	533	371	551
	380 001					



NOTES:	

ANNEXURE D

Hourly Charge-Out Rates for Audits Conducted on behalf of the AGSA

ANNEXURE D

HOURLY CHARGE-OUT RATES FOR AUDITS CONDUCTED ON BEHALF OF THE AGSA

Period: 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019
Rates (excluding value added tax)

Partners 3 114
Specialists (maximum) 3 114

STAFF MONTHLY EARNINGS	RATE PER HOUR
R	R
2,500 and more	71
2,700 and more	76
2,900 and more	82
3,100 and more	87
3,300 and more	93
3,500 and more	99
3,800 and more	108
4,100 and more	116
4,400 and more	124
4,700 and more	132
5,000 and more	140
5,300 and more	148
5,600 and more	156
5,900 and more	165
6,200 and more	174
6,600 and more	185
7,000 and more	196
7,400 and more	207
7,800 and more	218
8,200 and more	229
8,600 and more	240
9,000 and more	250
9,400 and more	261
9,800 and more	278
10,600 and more	299
11,400 and more	321
12,200 and more	343
13,000 and more	348
13,800 and more	369
14,600 and more	390
15,400 and more	411

STAFF MONTHLY EARNINGS	RATE PER HOUR
R	R
16,200 and more	432
17,000 and more	452
17,800 and more	473
18,600 and more	494
19,400 and more	515
20,200 and more	536
21,000 and more	556
21,800 and more	577
22,600 and more	598
23,400 and more	619
24,200 and more	644
25,000 and more	664
25,800 and more	685
26,600 and more	706
27,400 and more	727
28,200 and more	761
30,000 and more	817
32,500 and more	883
35,000 and more	948
37,500 and more	1 014
40,000 and more	1 079
42,500 and more	1 144
45,000 and more	1 210
47,500 and more	1 275
50,000 and more	1 434
52,500 and more	1 504
55,000 and more	1 574
57,500 and more	1 644
60,000 and more	1 714
62,500 and more	1 784
65,000 and more	1 854
67,500 and more	1 924
70,000 and more	1 994
72,500 and more	2 044
75,000 and more	2 094
77,500 and more	2 199
80,000 and more	2 309
82,500 and more	2 419
85,000 and more	2 529
87,500 and more	2 639
90,000 and more	2 749
92 500 and more	2 859

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